Spirit of Jefferson,

BENJAMIN F. BEALL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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October 2, 1866—1 y.

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VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1867.

VOL. 19.

CHERRY EXPECTORANT,

WORM MIXTURE.

STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT,

STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL,

STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL,

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[January 22, 1867.

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BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, January 22, 1867-1y.

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STABLER'S ANODYNE

BALTIMORE CARDS.

POLITICAL.

CHARLESTOWN.

The Northern Pulpit.

There can be no question that the present unhappy condition of the country is attributable in a great measure to the political teachings of the Northern pulpit. Bishop THOMPson, an able divine of the Northern Methodist Church, has recently preached and published a sermon which is thus referred to by the Episcopal Methodist, published in Balti-

The good Bishop is in a state of unspeakable delectation. He is delighted with the present and intoxicated with thoughts of the future. He looks around on the moral revo-CHERRY EXPECTORANT. lutions of the time and discerns the pure harbingers of an approaching millenium. views with delicious complacency, this majestic Republic "reposing after victories the grandest a nation ever achieved," and the more remarkable that they were "achieved" over her own people whom "the best government the world ever saw" had somehow permitted to reach a point of alienation that covered the land with blood. He sees the Congress of the Republic, not exactly reposing; but sitting up all night to destroy all remnants of republicanism over a third of the country-and the good Bishop is delighted with this commencement of the "noblest era the world ever saw." He sees devastation, misery and death blotting in great hideous patches the fairest portions of the nation's map, and the picture takes the form of "a continent of Bibles, Missions and united evangelical and onlightened Christian enterprizes." The only shadow that can be supposed to fleck the brilliancy of the Bishop's anticipation, might be a vague apprehension that he and his colleagues are in danger of being suddenly taken up like Elijah and com-

> "We stand in an age of freedom, when tyrannies are crumbling, and peoples are uprising, and Magna Chartas are writing: in a republic the greatest the sun ever beheld, at a time when she reposes after victories the grandest a nation ever achieved; in the noblest era the world has known-at the opening of the last battle of its great moral conflict. Angels, methinks, might envy us our places, and fold their wings, and incarnating their moral powers, stand with us foot to foot and shoulder to shoulder. We stand in a continent of Bibles, Sabbath-schools, Mis-

ed Christian enterprises."

Now, we honestly think, that in our humble unostentatious way, we are doing a more apostolical work than Bishop Thompson .-We are contending earnestly for the faith once delivered to the saints;" and are doing what we can to uphold the truth in the midst of a perverse and stiff-necked generation .-Yet if any angel, in good standing in the other world, is "envious of our place" and disimmortal powers," and take a turn at editing exchange all the felicities of this "Continent of Missions," brother Clemm's included; with nounce; and those who did stand by me I inall the privileges and immunities of this great | tend to advocate and support with my pen .-"raposing" Republic, which the Bishop [Cheers and cries of 'Dat's right!"] seems to think most fascinating when asleep, aries do not break through and steal. If the law both of God and man. There never area of liberty by the simple process of national disfranchisement. If "tyrannies are crumbling" here, we do not see the process

"Haschisch," until he has those "optics" which are privileged "To see what is not to be seen." "Crumbling" indeed ! Thaddeus laughs at the intimation. The thickened blood; according to Robert Breckinridge, is the natu. ral cements of governments, has not hardened yet among the stones and bones, on which our tyranny is fixing its throne. If "people are uprising," we would like to know where they are. We see millions of our own blood, many of the most noble and good, cast down and trodden in the dust-and we see millions more, and Bishops among them, making iron yokes for the necks of these prostrate American citizens. If new Magna Chartas' are writing for other folks, we wish somebody would send us the old one. It would be a novelty to our children, who are acquainted practically with none but this present "no-biest era the world has known," as it is illuminated by revelations of the higher law, flashing hysterically from the divine confusion of Wendell Phillips and his inspired coadjutors, and registered in the holy resolutions of Methodist Conferences, devoting to themselves, with pious fervor, the houses of worship and miscellaneous plunder of an invaded and conquered Church. We wonder that Bishop Thompson was not ashamed to emit from his Episcopal pulpit such a composition as this. We wonder that he had no more regard for the solemn truths of this awful time. \$1,500 PER YEAR! We want Agents every the self our IMPROVED \$20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and Upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in United States for less than \$40, which are fully licensed by Hone. Wheeler and Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest fine and imprisonment. Illustrated circulars sent free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clarke, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Illinois.

June 5, 1966.—19 We wonder that any man with a heart in him. can look over our blood-stained country with exultation. We wonder that any creature, not suckled by a wolf, can see cause for gratulation in the ruined homes, and decimated families, and embittered hearts of millions of people who have been subjected to brutalities never endured within the pale of civilization, since the horrible days of Tilly. The North-ern Methodists claim that they furnished a large proportion of the soldiers who did that work of devastation and death. Does Bishop

nished so large a part? Does he not know that it was their hostility to the Southern Methodists that did this burning? And if he knows this, and knows, too, that while daring with loud blasts of trumpets to bring a centenary offering of millions to God, the Methodist people of the North do nothing to repair the ravage their barbarous soldiery have done; if he knows that some of the preachers he sends in the name of God, to preach the morality of the Bible, are men who have robbed Southern libraries of books, and parlors of furniture, and keep the accursed things in their houses-if Bishop Thompson knows these things, how, in the name of the righteous God, does he dare to

go dancing and shouting, as though it was the Ark of Jehovah, and not the coffins, and captives, and plunder of a great people, that rumble behind him! Oh! if there be angels who "envy the places of the men who set the hearts of brethren on fire with the hate of bigotry, and the passion of party-if there be spirits eager to "fold their wings and incarnate their immortality," that they may "stand shoulder to shoulder, and foot to foot" with Stevens, and Wade, and Philips, and Beecher, and Butler, and the rest of the men who carried fire, and sword, and diabolical hate through the land—they are not the angels of Him, "who maketh wars to cease from the end of the earth, who breaketh the

A Great Speech.

burneth the chariot in the fire."

Hunnicut's speech at the recent Colored Mass Meeting, in Richmond, and his plan of action, are thus given in the Richmond Dis-

had, not a month ago, rejected the constitu- not now? What facts or circumstances have tional amendment, and that now they were pelled to exchange prematurely the glories of suddenly in favor of calling a convention to Methodist Episcopacy for the less dazzling conform with the provisions of the Sherman felicities of the upper world, whose angels the CHERRY EXPECTORANT, Bishop strongly suspects of envying his posi- | bill, and that he knew that they did not wish | foundation erected by the Supreme Court of tion. One paragraph of the sermon will be to accede to this from a sense of right, but be- the United States, Governor Peirpoint is not cause they want to keep 'l-o-y-al' men out of power. He spoke of Gov. Peirpoint as hav- of Virginia to assent to the military reconing sold the 'loyal' men of the State, and said | struction bill without testing it before the that he had denounced President Johnson highest judicial tribunal of the land. State shortly after his accession to power, and his existence, personal liberty, the continuation opinion had not since changed. 'By the of a republican form of government in this Eternal,' said he, 'I would rather vote for nation, are at stake in the contest now going Gov. Wise this night than for this double-faced on between a minority Congress, representing

> near at hand two months ago. He went on the shield of legal authority between a partito recite the facts of the passage of the Sher- san faction elated with success and blinded man bill over the veto, and added, 'Even old by ambition and sectional hate, and the con-Reverdy Johnson voted for it.' He was pre- stitutional rights of the States, and if the sions, and united evangelical, and enlightensent at the Alexandria election, and saw that | Governor fails to do so, he will not fairly repthe negroes knew well enough who to vote resent the people of that State, or those of the for. 'And at the next election you'll know | country, who are in favor of a union of the who to vote for, wont you?' [Crowd .- 'Yes! yes! dat we will.'] 'You wont vote for Joe Mayo for Mayor again, will you? [Vociferous yells of 'No! no! dat we wont. He aint gwine uever be Mayoragin !' Yes my fellow-citizens, then you will know the men who were afraid to take the New Nation; the men who were posed to "fold his wings," and "incarnate his afraid to meet lo-y-al men in their meetings; the men who were not afraid to call at the the Episcopal Methodist, we are ready to New Nation office, etc. The men who were

The speaker then went on to give his plans and betake ourselves summarily to a place for action. 'I intend.' said he, 'to hold a con-where the wicked cease from troubling and vention. First, there will be a primary meetwhere enlightened and enterprising Mission ing of Union men black and white. The colored men are to be admitted upon an equality "we stand in an age of freedom," it seems to with the white men, and will co-operate with us to be making very free with what we used | them if they are loyal. There will be no facto rely on as the securities of liberty. The tions. I pledge myself to be governed by the "free" are very free indeed. They do what- majority of votes as to what course I shall purever is right in their eyes. They are free of | sue and you know what Hunnicut says he the law both of God and man. There never was greater freedom on the leck of a pirate. They are unfettered as the Avatar—the conscious incarnation of God-knowing all I'll tollow on. If they do not do what is things, judging all things, and ready for all right I will complain to Congress. They things—searching hearts and pockets with will without a doubt call a convention, and equal completeness, condensing freedom into | will elect men to rule us out. I will wager the short intelligible and practical form of that there will not be ten l-o-yal men in it. a military court martial; and enlarging the -[Voice in the crowd. 'No, dere won't be nary one.' Great laughter. 1 We'll report this.'

He then went on to say that this primary meeting would be held in May, and would be satisfactorily. We would be glad to think a sort of an advisory meeting, in which all the Bishop did. But he has been taking the the cities, towns, and counties in the State would be represented. This meeting would devise a plan by which the 'l-o-yal' men in the State could act in harmony. The delegates could then go home and nominate candidates for the convention. They would hold an election, convene the convention in the latter part of September or beginning of Octo-ber. It would be delayed until that time, in order to give time to inform the negroes in the country the way they were to vote. The "rebels" would act in any way to get votes, and in the rural districts it would not be safe for a negro five miles from the polls at the next election to leave the field and go to vote. His life would be in danger. [Voices in the crowd, "Dat's so, 'twould dat."] If they would wait, however, that would be all right;the military would protect them. By September they would not be afraid to go to the polls, and they could vote safely against the most popular men the "rebels" had After the election, the Convention would

convene in September, frame their Constitution, submit it to Congress, and it would certainly be received; "for, thank God, Thad. Stevens, Ben. Butler, and Charles Sumner are still there. We need not be afraid of stitution had been accepted by Congress they would proceed to elect a governor, congress-

- A lady being asked to waltz, gave the

marks the soldiery of which his people fur- Virginia and the Reconstruction Bill.

The Philadelphia Age truly declares that the case of Virginia is one which the Supreme Court would be specially bound to recognize in connection with the S. S. S. bill: The Supreme Court of the United States. with the approbation and consent of Chief Justice Chase, has declared the present State government of Virginia to be legal and valid. That position was taken by the Supreme Court when West Virginia was pronounced a legally-organized State. The Court then decided that the Legislature of the "State" of Virginia had given its consent for the separation of the State, and the erection of a certain portion of its territory into a separate and independent Commonwealth, under the title of the State of West Virginia. This was a fall recognition that Virginia was a State in 1862 and her Legislature competent to perform acts set forth in the Constitution as functions of a sovereign and independent

The Legislature which gave its consent to the separation of West Virginia from the parent stem acted under and drew its life from the same law that the present Legislature does. The same person is Governor of Virginia now who held the reins of the State authority in 1862, when the case of West Virginia was acted upon. Then the State government of Virginia was pronounced lebow, and cutteth the spear asunder, and gal, constitutional and valid. Since that time there has been no break in the succession to the title. Governor Peirpoint has been at all times recognized by the Federal authorities as the Governor of Virginia, not as a military governor, but as a civil officer elected by the people and entitled to hold authority under the Constitution and laws of Virginia. If the State government of Virginia was a legal "He said the present 'rebel' Legislature and competent organization in 1862, why

destroyed its State existence and disfranchised With this foundation to stand upon, a justified in urging the Legislature and people only a portion of the States, and the peo-The negro had long waited for this day, and ple of the whole country. Virginia is the white man had but little idea that it was so in a position to lead in the work of placing States under the Constitution,

> - In speaking of the new test oath proposed for the South by Sumner in the United States Senate, the Cincinnati Enquirer makes following hits:

> "The oath is still incomplete, and we suggest, for Mr. Sumner's benefit, a few amend ments. It ought to include a belief in the holiness of John Brown, the patriotism of Thad. Stevens and Charles Sumner, the honesty of Ben, Butler, and the statesmanship of Wendell Phillips, Fred. Douglass and Anna Dickinson. Each person taking the oath ought also to be made to promise that he has always subscribed to the views of the Radical Republicans, that he believes in all their platforms, in the past and present, and, furthermore, will support them in the future. He ought also to be made to declare his belief that 'the late lamented Lincoln' was a saint, and that Parson Brownlow is a model and amiable professor of the Prince of Peace.

> -The New York Nation, decidedly the ablest, and almost the only decent organ of Radical principles, comments as follows on the nomination of the showman, Barnum, to represent in Congress a Radical district of Con-

> "When a State which stands among the foremost in education, and ought to stand among the foremost in refinement, and which abounds in high culture, in high character, combined with both patriotism and eloquence. deliberately comes forward, and tells the world that the party of progress, of reform, can find in its borders no fitter representative of its ideas than the proprietor of the woolly horse and the bearded woman, it is time for people in whose eyes character is a political force, to speak their minds out, even at the risk of doing some political damage."

The Hon. Jesse D. Bright, of Kentucky, but formerly a distinguished United States Senator from Indiana, has been invited to be a candidate for Congress from the 6th district of his adopted State. Mr. Bright, however, respectfully declines the honor for the following very sensible reason, which he states in a public letter:

"I could not be induced to take a seat among such men as constitute the already elected majority in the next House of Representatives in Congress. "The kind feeling you are pleased to ex-

press toward me, personally and politically, is fully reciprocated by your friend, J. D. BRIGHT."

as Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, which ought not to escape the attention of the South. Replying to Mr. Bingham's reminder, that the constitutions adopted by the Southern people would still have to come before Congress for acceptance, he declared that "Congress would be under the irresistible pressure erally."

The declared that "Condition accept any constitution adopted as the work of the people of the State." This was urged by Mr. Boutwell as a reason for having the preliminaries so arranged that no needless question should be raised in Congress subsequently, about the admission of a State.

Nat. Intelligence.

drops of happiness as God gives them to us "How very stran every day of our lives. The boy must learn said to me. "I cannot be the control of the control of

Spirit of Jefferson

NO. 29.

POETICAL.

NO NIGHT THERE.

BY THOMAS BAFFLES, D.D , OF LIVERPOOL.

No night shall be in heaven-no dreadful hour

Of mental darkness or the tempter's power. Across those skies no envious clouds shall roll, To dim the sunlight of the enraptured soul.

No night shall be in heaven—no sorrow's reign— No secret anguish—no corporeal pain— No shivering limbs—no burning (ever there— No soul's cchipse—no winter of despair.

No night shall be in heaven, but endless noon, No fast declining sun, nor waning moon; But there the Lams shall yield perpetual hight 'Mid pastures green, and waters ever bright.

No night shall be in heaven, no darkened room, No bed of death, nor silence of the tomb; But breezes ever fresh with love and truth, Shall brace the frame with an immortal youth.

No night shall be in heaven! But night is here— The night of sorrow, and the night of fear, I mourn the ills that now my steps attend, And shrink from others that may yet impend.

No night shall be in heaven! O had I faith

MISCELLANEOUS.

[From the Boys and Girls Monthly.]

Never Indulge in Practical Jokes.

A TRUE TALE.

would tell me the sad story. After a mo-

nearly as I can remember, in her own words:

the idols of our parents. I was two years

older than Edith, but I looked up to her and

reverenced her more than any one on earth,

except my mother and father. Indeed, my

feelings toward her were shared by all who

knew her. Even the servants would say of

her, that "Miss Edith was far too good for

this world," &c. While my wild spirits and

mischievous ways were always bringing me

into trouble. I never remember her to have

even when she had herself been the sufferer

from my misconduct, I loved her with all

eyes would do more to make me sorry for my

faults than a severe punishment. One morn-

ing I arose in so teasing and mischievous a

humor that I was twice reproved and finally

sent to my room in disgrace, with only a cup

thinking how bright everything looked with-

in their spring dress. As the soft breezes

Snatching up my bonnet, I cried "Come on Edith, quick! we are going to play some

are dismissed."

There were only two of us, and we were

No night shall be in heaven-Forbid to sleep,

one Square, Three Insertions; One Square, One Month, One Square, Three Months, 8.00 One Square, Six Months, 15.00 One Square, One Year, Ten Lines or less, constitute a Square. Tearly Advertisements by Special Contract.

in wild delirium, and all that night she raved except in brief intervals, when she seeme to suffer so much from her now fearfullswollen limb, that I would rush from the room, unable to endure the sight of her ago-ny, (for it is useless to say that I could not think of sleep that fearful night). About No night shall be in heaven—no gathering gloom Shall oe'r that glorious landerape ever ceme; No tears shall fall in sudness o'er those flowers That breathe their tragrance thro' celestial bowers day she gradually returned to her senses, and in reply to my mother's anxious question, she said she was in no pain at all. What joy filled my heart as I heard these words, it is impossible to describe; but it was quickly dispelled when our good doctor drew downthe sheet and pointing to the leg, now black as ink, turned slowly and left the room. I was too young to understand that mortification had taken place; but I could not misin-Those eyes no more their vigils keep: Their fountains dried, their tears all wiped away They gaze undazzled on eternal day. terpret the agonized expression of my mother's face, as she knelt beside what she now knew to be the death-bed of her child. In my bitter grief I too, prayed for death. God may see fit to prolong my life still many years; but no time can efface from my m nd the memory of that death-bed scene. Quiet now she lay, and free from pain, fair and fra-gile as a broken lily; but we knew that her pure young spirit was quickly "passing away;" and even the light of the "golden gates" seemed reflected on her face, as with flushed cheeks and sparkling eyes she bade us listen to the strains of heavenly music which softly To rest in what the faithful witness saith—
That faith should make these hideous phantoms flee,
And leave no night, henceforth, on earth to me. stole on her dying ears and see the white robed angels who beckoned her "home;" and soon the "golden bowl" was broken, and "the silver cord" was loosed, and we were left "alone with our dead."

Historical Characters.

SALADIN .- This famous Sultan of Egypt and Syria was equally renowned as a warrior "Never indulge in practical jokes," I once and legislater. He was bonn in the year heard a gentle lady say to a merry boy who 1135; and became the most formidable enemy was stealing cautiously through the room of the Crusaders. He achieved great conwhere his sister was leaning back reading, her quests in Syria, Arabia, Persia, and Mesochair so delicately poised that the least touch would be sufficient to overturn it. "Never potamia; after which he defeated the Chris; tians, with great slaughter, near Tiberias, and indulge in practical jokes, or some fatal accitook prisoner Guy de Lussignan, the King dent may cast a shadow over your young life of Jerusalem. This yietory was followed by which no after repentance can ever remove." the surrender of Jerusalem, where he be-Startled by the tone of almost anguish in bayed with great magnanimity toward the which she spoke, I looked up and was amazed | Christians, In the year 1189, Richard Cour by the look of terror depicted on her face as de Lion, with his ally, Philip Augustus of she sprang forward just in time to prevent France, laid seige to Acre, a sea-port of Palthe mischievous boy causing his unsuspectestine. For two years the seige was contining sister a severe fall. I had often wonned, and then Saladin's forces were overcome dered at the expression of gentle but unalby the allies. The Crusaders subsequently terable sadness, so indellibly stamped on the took Cæsarea and Jaffa, and Richard Cœur face of my friend, who had, I thought, everyde Lion advanced to within a short distance thing requisite to make her a happy woman; and now coming to her side I begged her to of Jerusalem. A truce was then agreed upon by Saladin and the Christians; and soon tell me what there was in the rude and afterward the Sultan died, at the age of fiftythoughless play of a merry boy to move her seven, overcome by the inroads made on his so deeply. Gazing at me with a look of constitution by the constant toil that was rendered necessary to effectually oppose the efforts of his enemies—the chief Christian touching sadness, she asked if it were possible I did not know that the consequences of what I termed "rude and thoughless play" were the cause of the deep shadow which potentates of Europe. hung over her life. Replying that I did not,

WILLIAMS .- Roger Williams, the founder of what is now the chief city of Rhode Island, I eagerly begged-if not too painful-she was an Englishman by birth, and become a clergyman of the established church of that ment's pause she consented, and told me the country. At the age of thirty-two, in the following simple narrative, which I give as year 1631, having embraced the Puritan tenets, he came to America, where he soon attracted public attention by his religious zeal, and through his published arguments in defence of the liberty of conscience.setts, by his outspoken sentiments-stating that every man should be allowed to worship his Creator in whatever manner seemed to him best-to escape imprisonment, and perhaps death, he fled to the woods, where he found an asylum among the Indians. With some of his followers, in the year 1636, he been even reproved, although she frequently interposed to shield me from punishment, landed at Rhode Island, purchased some landfrom the Indians, and founded a colony whieli he called Providence-"because," said he, "I desired it might be a shelter for persons disthe strength of my wild passionate nature; and one sorrowful glance from her gentle tressed for conscience." He subsequently became president of this colony, and his rule was characterized by justice and sound principles. He wrote a great number of eloquent works, in which he defended the right of every one to worship God in his own way .-He died in Providence, in the year 1681. of milk and a slice of bread for my break-fast. I was standing sullenly by the window,

FESCH.—Cardinal Joseph Fesch was the half brother of Letitia Ramolini, the mother out, when I heard the patter of little feet, and turning saw Edith standing beside me. of Napoleon, and, like his illustrious nephew, and turning saw Edith standing beside me. a native of Ajaccio, in Corsica. After suf-With a look full of love she slipped into my fering considerable privations during the revhand a large slice of rich cake, given her for olutionary period of France, Joseph suddenly her lunch, and telling me it was time to go to found his fortnues changed by the eleva ba school, brought my bonnet and satchel, and of his nephew to the command of the army we were soon tripping along joyously together through the cool and shady woods, and beneath the green trees which looked so lovely was sent as an ambassador to the Holy See. From the Pope he received a cardinal's hat, played gently on my face, I felt my spirits rise under the vivying influence, and Edith was soon as merry as myself, till at last we reached the school and took our accustomed places.

In 1809 he rejected the archbishopric of Paris on account of the severity with which the How long the day seemed to me, as I idly conned over my lessons, and drawing uncoult figures on my slate, and now slily fast-fore the council of Paris. For this he was ening paper streamers to my nearest neigh- driven into exile, and took refuge in Rome, bor's dress; but at length the last lesson was | where he resided until his death, which occurred in 1839, he being then in his seventysixth year.

Death of Artemus Ward:

which overspread her face, I was at her side his parents yet reside. He worked as a jour-"How pretty you are, Edith!" I exclaimed, when at last we had reached home, and she threw herself on the lounge in our mojected by his labor, and after some months STAMPING for Braiding and Embroideries done
M. BEHREND'S.

CHEWING TOBACCO.—The very best Gravely
March 5.

MOSTENHOLM'S POCKET KNIVES, and
Work of devastation and death. Does Bishop
Thompson know that these soldiers burned a
thousand—most of them Methodist—churchsold gives them to thousand in the hope of happiness as God gives them to thousand—most of them Methodist—churchto be happy, while he is learning his trade;
The following sensible and appropriate answer:
"No. I thank you, sir, I have hugging endugh
at home."

The stocking was quickly removed by the
head, is often so absorbed with admiration of
his sighed for.

Washington

Thompson know that these soldiers burned a
thousand—most of them Methodist—churchsold gives them to the total the
to the happy, while he is learning his trade;
to be happy, while he is learning his trade;
the marchant while he is making bis fortune.

If he fails to learn this art, he will be sure to
miss his enjoyment when he gains what he
aid of scissors, and the physician sent for,
has sighed for.

Washington

More of devastation and death. Does Bishop
Thompson know that these soldiers burned a
thousand—most of them Methodist—churchsold to moe. "I cannot get off my stocking to
to be happy, while he is learning his trade;
the marchant when he gains what he
aid of scissors, and the physician sent for,
her own work that she forgets the brains.

Washington

Thompson know that these soldiers burned a
thomes of dilivers.

The boy must learn
to be happy, while he is learning his trade;
the marchant while he is learning his trade;
the marcha

said, and we heard the welcome words, "You

"In one moment," she replied, "only I A cable telegram announces the death yesmust finish this sum first." So saying, she prepared to take seat on a bench just before Charles F. Browne, a writer who, under the ind; the temptation was too strong, I could | more familiar name of Artemus Ward, has not resist, and bending forward, I quickly had the world laughing over his droll scenes drew it back. She fell as I had expected, and conceits for the last ten years. Mr. but in her fall drew the heavy bench on her Browne was about twenty-nine years of age, delicate ankle. Startled by the sudden palor and was a native of Waterford, Me., where A significant acknowledgment was made yesterday, even by so determined an ultraist as Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, which which she in vain endeavored to suppress.—
Weeping bitterly, I helped her to a chair, while she strove to comfort me, kissing me, and saying she would soon be as well as ever, until at last I believed her, and drying my tears I helped her to get ready to go home. She walked with pain, and often stopped to rest, and the latter part of the way leaned heavily of me, but she was cheerful, and I thought as I looked at her bright sparkling. thought as I looked at her bright sparking dives and flushed cheeks, that she had never seemed so beautiful.

Through the generous aid of London Punch; to which Mr. Browne was a contributor, he appeared in London as a lecturer under fa-

CHARLESTOWN, VA.

Tuesday Morning, March 19, 1865.

SOUTHERN RELIEF.

We publish this morning the proceedings of a meeting held in this town on Saturday last-and also the address of a committee appointed by the meeting-in reference to the suffering condition of the people of the far South. We think it entirely unnecessary to make any further appeal to the people of this county, than is presented in the facts set forth in this address. Our friends are suffering, and the object of the meeting of Saturday was to bring the matter to the attention of our people, and invite their co-operation in devising measures for the relief of the

Even if we have not the abundance with which we were once possessed, it is our duty to remember the example of the woman of Gilead of whom an account is given in the 17th chapter of 1st Kings, at a time when there was " no dew nor rain for three years." A poor widow was gathering a few sticks to kindle a fire to bake her last handful of meal, ' that I may " to use her own language, "go in and dress it for me and my son, that we may eat it and die." "But she gave the prophet Elijah a cake, and the barrel of meal wasted not until the day that the Lord sent rain on the earth." Let our people remem-

"The quality of charity is not strained, It droppeth like the gentle dew from heaven Upon the place beneath: it is thrice blessed: It blesseth him that gives and him that takes."

We hope that each individual to whom the task has been assigned of waiting upon the people in their respective neighborhoods to receive their contributions; will feel that upon him rests a sacred duty, and that at the meeting on Saturday next a good report will

Southern Relief Meeting.

The meeting appointed, by notice in the public papers, for the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church, on Saturday morning, 16th inst., at 11 o'clock, was, owing to the inclemency of the weather, held at the Car-

On motion, ANDREW HUNTER, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and Dr. L. C. Con-DELL, Secretary.

The object of the meeting being stated, in a few brief and forcible remarks by the Chairman, on motion of A. W. Cramer, it was resolved: That when this meeting adjourn, it adjourn to meet on Saturday next at the Presbyterian Lecture Room, at 11 o'clock,

On motion of C. H. McCurdy, the Chair appointed an Executive Committee of five. to provide for the collection, transportation and final distribution, of the various contributions from the citizens of this county in behalf of the destitute and dying people of the far South. The following gentlemen constitute this committee: C. H. McCurdy, Wm. H. Travers, Dr. J. D. Starry, David Howell, Sr., and G. W. Eichelberger.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Bedinger, a committee of five was appointed to prepare and publish in the newspapers of the county, an address explanatory of the objects and purposes of this meeting. The Chair appointed Rev. Mr. Bedinger, N. S. White, Wm. H Travers, D. Humphreys, and Dr. L. C. Cor

On motion of Benj. F. Beall, the Chair appointed the following gentlemen, three in each school district, to canvass their respective districts and obtain contributions in money or kind, and report results to the meeting on Saturday next :-

COMMITTEES TO SOLICIT CONTRIBUTIONS. No. 1 .- Chas. T. Butler, Wm. A. Morgan, John Keplinger, No. 2.—Edmund I. Lee, Wm. A Chapline, J. P. No. 3 .- John Wysong, Geo. D. McGliney, Dr. No. 4.—Samuel Knott, Isaac H. Taylor, Chris-No. 5.—George Licklider, Isaac Dust, Jas. H. Hunter.
No. 6.—Thomas Licklider Jas. W. Glenn, John No. 7 .- Thomas Hite, Mores W. Burr, John

Strother Moore. No. 8.—Meredith Helm, Isaac H. Strider, Edwin H. Roberts. No. 9.-John W. Grantham, George W. Shirley, Andrew Aldridge. No. 10.—Thos. H. Willis, Robt. W. Baylor, John A. Thompson.
No. 11.—Richard Timberlake, David Fry, Vance No. 12.-Ambrose Timberlake, C. C. Porter, M

B. Fryer. No. 13.-John Humphreys, John W. McCurdy No. 14. - George Backhouse, Joshua Myers, Jas. B. Clip. No. 15 .- N. W. Manning, B. Hill, James W. Mil-No. 16 .-- J. Lawrence Hooff, John Gardner, Thos

No. 17 .- John T. Henkle, Daniel Moler, John H No. 18. - James H. Moore, Francis Yates, James B. McGary. No. 19.—George W. Sadler, John Seldon, John B. Packett, No. 20.—John J. Lock, Daniel Cockrill, S. Howell

No. 21 .- Edmund H. Chambers, Wm. Smallwood. George W. Cox. No. 22.—Solomon V. Yantis, Major T. Quinn, Joseph Barry. No. 23.-James T. Reed, George W. Catshaw, No. 24.-Thomas Earnshaw, Dr. Marmion, P.

McGraw. No. 25 .- Will'am McSherry, Thomas Thrasher, Samuel Kelley.
No. 26.—Robert N. Duke, Philip Engle, Sen., No. 27 .- Henry Shepherd, James Markle, John T

On motion of D. Humphreys, the Chairman was added to the Executive Committee. On motion of the same, the committee on public address was requested, so to prepare far beyond the limits of our county, and invite the prompt co-operation of the friends of humanity everywhere, in this great work of

It was suggested that the ministers of the several churches in town be respectfully requested to give notice, to-morrow morning, of the meeting on Saturday next, and to urge upon their respective congregations the great importance of a prompt and liberal response to the loud calls for relief, which come to us, moaning in every Southern breeze from starv-

ing men, women and children. On motion of Wm. H. Travers, the Executive Committee were empowered to add to their number as they may find it expedient. The meeting then, on motion adjourned, to meet on Saturday, 23d inst., at the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church, at 11 o'clock, A. M. ANDREW HUNTER, Chm'n.

L. C. CORDELL, Sec'y.

AN APPEAL FOR HELP.

1866, after being very wet in the winter, was

one of remarkable drought. The drought

was so severe as to cause a general failure of

the corn crop-in themselves many localities

not producing seed. According to the care-

fully prepared estimates of the Agricultural

Bureau, published several months since, the

corn crop of South Carolina was only three-

fifths of the very small crop of 1865. The

cotton crop was also injured to such an ex-

tent that it does not afford means to purchase

supplies. The inevitable result has been that

much suffering has already been endured-

gaunt famine is now pressing upon large por-

ions of these States. Of the truth of this

statement and the extent of this terrible suf-

members of your committee to be above sus-

picion, with whom there can be no reason for

do so would make our statement too long .-

mates that 56,860 persons will need food from

probably including only those who have made

he estimates Georgia as having but 8.000

that need aid, while the Governor of Georgia

number 60,000 whites and 30,000 blacks .-

Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, has written to

the secretary of the Southern Famine Relief

Commission of New York, that 500,000 bush-

els of corn are estimated to be needed to feed

obtained within the State. The Legislature

of South Carolina has tried to raise \$500,000

to buy corn, but could not sell their bonds.

Presbyterian Church, writes from South Car-

of the people is unprecedentedly great. Ma-

ber have raised cotton enough to purchase

food, but the greater mass of the people have

neither cotton, money, nor credit to buy the

the distress is beyond their power to relieve

it, he says that "several hundred thousand

bushels of corn will be required to relieve the

fifteen and twenty miles, scantily covered with

rsgs, with their babies in their arms, to re-

We might go on adding proof to proof;

but we think the above sufficient to satisfy

you, as it does us, that a very alarming and

overtake many-so great a number, in truth,

being in want, that the contributions of both

these people, too, are the very best people of

the war. Many are the widows and children

of those who came to help Virginia in her

hour of need, and whose bones sleep beneath

known the fear of want, can hardly realize

their meaning; but we appeal to you to con-

sider, ponder and act upon them. Were

there but a few actually starving, it would

show that there were a great many pinched

should realize, as the National Intelligencer

states, that "Poverty sits by the fireside of

comes up from famishing lips." We cannot

hope to relieve all, but we know that what

we appeal to each and every one whom we

agony of these parents unable to give their

children the bread for which they unceas-

ngly ask-will think of the gnawing pangs

of hunger ever present even in the feverish

skin-of the bony hands clasped in almost

how much of this misery you will relieve .-

We would fain hope that even the poor among

The best mode of giving relief is by giving Corn and Bacon, and we think we can

assure all donors that their charity will reach those for whom it is intended, with but slight

We hope that all who can, will attend the

adjourned meeting next Saturday, and hear the facts more fully stated. We also appeal,

by direction of the meeting; to the newspa-pers of the Valley and the State, to publish

E. W. BEDINGER, N. S. WHITE,

D. HUMPHREYS,

WML II. TRAVERS,

and so all lay up treasure in heaven.

cost or danger of misapplication.

starving children."

application to the Freedmen's Bureau, since

The present recognized national debt is a For the Starving Sufferers of the South. At the Public Meeting held in Charles- the claims of loyal men, North and South town, on Saturday last, the undersigned were for property taken or for property destroyed appointed as a Committee to prepare an Appeal; to our more favored people, for contribube allowed and counted. The New York tions to relieve our countrymen in the South Times whose editor was a member of the now suffering from want. We feel that we last Congress, says it has very good reason can best perform this duty by a brief stateto believe that the amount of such of these itude, we subjoin his letter :ment of the facts, which show that extreme claims as will be found to be perfectly just suffering exists, a part of which it is in our and such as must be paid, will approach very power to relieve, in order to call forth prompt nearly, if it does not equal what is underand earnest action. It is generally known and undoubtedly true that when Gen. Johnston surrendered, and the war ceased in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina, in May, it certainly is alarming; but it believes time 1865, immediately after the ravages of Gen. will show that it is not an over statement of Sherman's army, it was too late to plant corn. After the little that had been planted matured, an impoverished people struggled through the ensuing year, having hardly a sufficiency to support their population until-

-The Cincinnati Times says the Bankrupt law was passed for the benefit of the people of the South, and claims the fact as evidence of northern and radical generosity. The Times itself must either be very ignerant, or must think we are. The real truth is just the reverse of the fact stated. The bill was once defeated, and afterwards hung fire for a long time, just because the South was to get the benefit of it along with the rest, and Sumner's motion in the Senate to exclude Southern debtors from its benefits, ten Senators voted "aye." The bankrupt law was passed because of the universal clamor for it at the some have actually starved to death, and North, all the Radical newspapers going for it with great zeal.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

-The Bank of Virginia having assigned fering, we have abundant proof in official reall its effects to S. C. Tardy and D. J. Saunports, and from private sources known to ders, as trustees, these have instructed the officers of the Bank, in each city, where branches of the same were located, to notify all deception. We cannot quote all these, as to persons indebted to the Bank, whose debts We give some briefly. The report of Gen. originated prior to the first of July, 1861, to Howard, sent to the U.S. Senate, states from make payment without delay in National curofficial sources, confirmed by others, he estirency, and that the notes of the Bank or branches will no longer be received in paysome source before the next crop relieves ment of such debts. them. This was evidently an under-estimate.

-The act approved March 2, 1867, amond ing the existing laws relating to internal revenue, requires the assessment of the annual telegraphs that the destitute in that State taxes heretofore made in the month of May to be made on the corresponding days in the month of March. The principal changes in the law respecting the income tax are those increasing the exemption from \$600 to the people, over and above all that can be \$1,000, and the repeal of the tax of ten per cent. on sums above \$5,000, so that the law on incomes in excess of \$1,000. sales of real estates purchased since December Rev. J. Leighton Wilson, D. D., one of 31, 1863, are made taxable as income.

the most honored and trustworthy men in the -The Richmond Enquirer states, for the benefit of all interested, that registered State olina, March 2d: "Since making a tour of 200 miles through the heart of this State, I stock is transferred on the books of the Sechave come to the conclusion that the distress | ond Auditor's office, by appearance in person, or by power of attorney separate from the ny of our people are destitute, and without stock, and duly executed before a justice of credit to get the means of subsistence. This the peace. Coupon bonds and interest coudistress is not confined to any one section of the State, but prevails to a greater or less expons are transferable by simple delivery from tent in every portion of it. A goodly num-

-The State of Illinois has now a law authorizing the jury which convicts a culprit of felonious homicide to decide whether the food necessary to prevent their families from actual STARVATION." After showing that. penalty shall be death, imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for a term of years. This amounts to the practical abolition of capital

distress in South Carolina alone." We have also well authenticated instances of actual -The United States Senate has given indeath from starvation before the first of dications of a fairer spirit in reference to the wresting of Alexandria from the State of A letter to Dr. W., which he has published Virginia. The bill so precipitately passed says: "I have seen, sir, on many of the bitby the House will not be acted on without terest days of our severe winter, just past, feeble women, wan with starvation, walk ten, proper investigation

-Mr. Larkin N. Saunders died recently at Plaine's Station, in Fauguier county, in ceive a half bushel of corn, which they are the ninety-seventh year of his age. Two thankful to be able to carry home to their weeks after he was followed to the tomb by his reliet, Fannie, who was in her eighty-seventh year. They had been married fiftyseven years, and were the last members of terrible state of destitution exists in the South—so great that actual starvation must | their respective families.

-A farm belonging to the estate of James Parsons, of Hampshire, containing 400 acres, Government and people will probably fail to supply more than half the need. Many of was recently sold in Romney at public aution, for \$14,000, payable in 12, 24 and 36 the land who have been reduced to want by months, Q'Key Johnson, purchaser.

-Mr. Thomas L. Brown, at one time Sheriff of Berkeley county, and formerly a her soil. These are startling truths, and we citizen of Shepherdstown, has been appointwho have had our prayers for daily bread an-swered so abundantly that we have never released by the H place of O. D. Downey, rejected by the U

"WEARING OF THE GRAY." We have received from the publisher-E. by want; but now many are starving and we B. TREAT & Co., New York, an advance copy of " Wearing of the Gray," by John Esten COOKE. This work comprises personal pormost Southern homes and the cry for bread traits of many of the distinguished leaders of the Confederate Army, all of which are executed in admirable style; and incidents in the we may give will relieve actual want; and camp and field which are full of thrilling incan reach by this, our most urgent call, to terest. The book is well printed and projoin us in the effort to supply bread in response to this famishing cry. We hope that in determining how much you will give, each fusely illustrated. Among the illustrations are life-like portraits of Stuart, Hampton, Lee, Early, and others-one of Pelham, "the of you will go in thought into these povertystricken homes-will think of the corroding. gallant," is drawn to the very life and spirit heart siekening eare-the prolonged, helpless of that wonderful young soldier, as we have so often seen him The work will add to Mr. Cooke's literary reputation, and will, in our opinion, place him among the most successful dreams of these perishing multitudes—will think of the deep set eyes—the wan and hol-low cheeks, covered with sallow, tight drawn writers of biographical sketches; and as he had, during the whole of the war, unusual facilities for obtaining accurate knowledge of the personal traits of the great Southern leaders of hopeless prayer for daily bread or death, and then, realizing that these are actual cases | the army of Northern Virginia, and of the relied off as entirely faithful. To all Southerners, particularly Virginiaus, "Wearing of the Gray" will be intensely interesting. us will determine to share with some poor one there, and that the rich will give abundantly,

NO ELECTIONS.

Gen. Schofield, the gentlemanly command er of District No. 1, (late Va.,) has issued an order suspending the municipal election at Fredericksburg. Under the law the present city officers hold over. This ought to be done all over the District, in reference to all elections, except legislative.

IMPROVEMENT .- The Free Press made its these facts and urge upon our whole people prompt action in relieving our Southern appearance last week in an enlarged form, and greatly improved in appearance, as well as in the amount and variety of its reading matter.

-The colored people of Portsmouth have a candidate for Mayor.

. Mr. John Minor Botts, whose happiness in little less than three millions of dollars. But life seems to depend upon letter-writing, has addressed an epistle of gratitude to Sumner, the Meseachtisetts apostle of abolition. Mr. during the progress of the war, have yet to B. is very grateful-so grateful, that he pours out his thanks gushingly, not only for himself, but in behalf of every Union man in Virginia. To indicate the fervor of his grat-

RICHMOND, March 8, 1867. My DEAR STR.-Thank you, Mr. Sumner, thank you with all my heart, not only for myself, but in behalf of every Union man in this stood to be the present aggregate of the na- State, for your effort to protect the loyal men tional debt. This may seem extravagant, as of the South, not one of whom have I yet seen or heard of that does not protest against this Sherman bill, as it is called, which does not rise to the aignity of an abortion, but is what, in medical terms, is called a "false conception." Kelley's resolution, offered in the House, mends the matter a good deal; but let me beseech you not only to give us registration, but a vote by close ballot instead of viva voce, as we have it in this State. Unless this is changed we cannot bring one fourth of the loval white vote to the polls for fear of the social effect on themselves and families, and this effect also on their business pursuits. uppose it would hardly be worth trying to imit the vote on the election of members to the convention and on the adoption of the constitution to those who can take the Congressional test oath. Why should we run the risk of letting the rebels outvote us on either? I am, respectfully and truly, yours JOHN MINOR BOTTS.

VIRGINIA UNDER RECONSTRUCTION. Maj. Gen. J. M. SCHOFIELD, who has been assigned by the President, under the provisions of the Military Reconstruction Bill, to the command of the First Distrist, or Virginia, has issued the following orders :

I. In compliance with the order of the President, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the First District, State of Virrinia, under the act of Congress of March 2d. II. All officers under the existing Provisional Government of the State of Virginia, will continue to perform the duties of their respective office, according to law, unless otherwise hereafter ordered in individual cases, until their successsors shall be duly elected and qualified in accordance with the above named act of Congress.

III. It is desirable that the military power conferred by the before mentioned Act, be exercised only so far as may be necessary to complish the objects for which that power was conferred, and the undersigned appeals o the people of Virginia, and especially to Magistrates and other civil officers, to render the necessity for the exercise of this power as ponded on the subject. He believed that now imposes a uniform tax of five per cent. slight as possible, by strict obedience to the bill gave ample protection to all citizens of

IV. The Staff Officers now on duty at Headquarters Department of the Potomac, are assigned to corresponding duties at Headquarters First District, State of Virginia,

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

The election for Governer and members of Congress from New Hampshire, which came off on Tuesday last, resulted in the triumph of the radicals by an increased majority .-Thus it will be seen that the Northern people are determined to sustain the present radical Congress in its crusade upon the people of

LIBERAL. The Ladies in the neighborhood of Walper's Cross Roads, in this county, appreciating the ministerial services of the Rev. E. L. KREGLO, of the Shepherdstown circuit, have presented his estimable wife with a purse of \$50. At the late session of the Baltimore Conference Mr. K. was assigned to Hillsboro' circuit. During his sojourn in this county he has made many warm friends, and his departure will be deeply regretted by the people whom he served long and faith-

Berkeley Items.

From the Martinsburg New Era of Friday last, was copy the following items:-

LARGE SALE .- The valuable Mill properbelonging to Col. John Q. A. Nadenbousch (advertised for several weeks past in the New Era) has been sold to a Company in Philadelphia for \$26,000 cash on the first of April. He had previously sold a few feet of the ground to the Railroad Courpany for \$3000 thus realizing for the entire property \$29, 000. We learn that the purchasers intend erecting a large distillery, and enlarging the capacities of the Flouring Mill.

DROWNED .- On Monday morning, the 11th inst., a young man named William Payne, a resident of Little Georgetown, in this county, while attempting to cross the Potomacin a skiff, at Dam No. 5., was carried over the Dam by the current and drowned. Deceased

Congressional Chaplains.

Congress pays a parson to-do its praying, and he pays them back by making his prayers harmonize exactly with the spirit and policy of the majority who elect him. Mr. Raymond of the New York Times, who has been a witness to the business for the last two years, gives his impression as follows:

"Religion is like everything else in Washington, shamelessly prostituted to the necessities and conveniences of partisan politics. Chaplains are elected just as door-keepers and tide-waiters are appointed, on account of their political opinions, and they are expected to pray and preach in the service and for the profit of the party that elects them. Party zeal is often quite as apparent in the opening prayer of the Congressional Chaplain as in he ward harangue of the Treasury Clerk. The Chaplain is expected to pray for his parin reach of your charity, make up your minds | Shenandoah Valley, his portraitures may be | ty friends and at his party foes. Usually his petition is a summary of the proceedings of the preceding day, and a statement of what ought to be done on the day at hand. Fer every bill passed and vote given in accordance with party purposes and plans, devout thanks (if anything of that kind can be called devout) are returned to the Almighty, who is earnestly exhorted to open the eyes and change the votes of everybody who stands on the other side. The irreverence of some of these so called prayers often borders on blasphemy. They are seldom anything more than stump speeches made with closed eyes and addressed ostensibly to the Father of all; while in sentiment, language and general style, they would shock any intelligent and cultivated audience."

Debates in Congress Upon Reconstruc-

In the Senate on Summer's Resolutions. Mr. Sumper took the floor in advocacy and explanation of his resolutions, asserting that what they proposed met the sanction of wellknown loyalists of the South, and was necessary to a just and loyal reconstruction. While he was advocating the fifth proposition, he was interrupted by Mr. Fessenden, who inquired if he thought a piece of land for each man was necessary to a republican form of

Mr. Sumner did not think it was. But it was necessary to give a piece of land to each freedman, in order to conclude the glorious work of emancipation.

Mr. Grimes inquired where the Govern-

ment would get the land? Mr. Sumner said there were several ways of getting it. He would say nothing now about confiscation, though he thought it would have been wise policy to have divided the large landed estates of the rebels among the freedmen. There were lands that had been sold for taxes in the South that might be used for this purpose. But probably the best way was that which the President could have carried out if he had been disposed to do so. It was that of requiring, as a condition of pardon, that the person pardoned should assign a portion of his lands to his

Mr. Dixon said that it was asserted that the military reconstruction bill was to be a froal measure. It was asserted, too, that it was a measure of pacification. This he did not believe. . It now appeared from Mr. Sumner's resolutions that it was not a finality.-The fifth proposition meant universal confiscation in the rebel States, and he wished to call the attention of the Senate and the coun-

Mr. Sherman regretted that this resolution was being pressed at this time. He hoped no further guarantees, such as were proposed in this measure, would be agreed to by any senator who voted in good faith upon the military reconstruction bill. That bill was being received and considered by the Southern people, and would be acted upon favorably by them. He [Mr. Sherman] had just received a letter from Governor Patton, of Alabama, to this effect. He believed the terms of reconstruction already agreed upon received the cordial endorsement of the country.

Mr. Johnson said he rose to controvert statement made by Mr. Dixon that the policy of Mr. Summer's resolution would sooher of later be adopted by the dominant party in the two Houses of Congress. He Mr. Johnson] did not believe Congress would depart from the conditions of the bill recently passed He had so assured many leading men of the South with whom he had recently corresthe South, and ample guarantee to the gove ernment. He implored the Senate to adhere in good faith to the measure now before the country, and not to think of adopting a poli cy of confiscation, which was certain to end

in a repetition of the horrors of St. Donlingo. Mr. Frelinghuysen said that three of the points in these resolutions were contained in the supplementary bill of Mr Wilson, which was now before the Judiciary Committee of the Senate. After a few remarks in opposition to the resolutions, he moved to lay them on the table, but subsequently withdrew that motion for the purpose of allowing Mr. Sumner to reply to some of the arguments against his proposition.

Mr. Sumner said the mistake made by those who opposed his resolutions was that of regarding the conditions contained in them as burdens: It was no burden to require education; it was no burden to give a homestead

Mr. Howard, prefacing his remarks by say ing that he supposed the resolutions were in tended as a thesis for discussion while the Senate had nothing else to do, rather than as a measure of practical legislation, proceeded to state his opinions of the different proposi tions contained in the resolutions. Some of them were contained in a bill now under consideration in the Judiciary Committee. He did not agree to the third proposition. All that was requisite in that particular was con tained in the reconstruction bill lately passed. He looked upon the fifth proposition as entirely impracticable.

The resolutions were laid on the table, only ten votes being cast against the motion. IN THE HOUSE ON WILSON'S BILL.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill supplementary to the act of the 2d of March, for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and to facilitate restoration. It directs the commanding general in each district provided by that act to cause to be made, before the first of September next, a registration in each county or parish of the male citizens of the United States over twenty one years of age, resident in each county or parish, which registration shall incluse only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act of the 2d of March, and who shall have taken and subscribed an oath that they are sinhad on, at the time, a black coat and vest, cerely and earnestly attached to the Union gray pants, and cavalry boots with steel on and Government of the United States: that the heels. Persons living along the river are | they will steadfastly support the Constitution earnestly requested to communicate any infor- and obey the laws of the United States, and mation they may receive of his remains to his that they will engage all others to such support and obedience, When such registration shall have been completed, and copies thereof returned to the commanding general, the general commanding shall, within thirty days thereafter, cause an election to be held for delegates to frame State constitutions to re-establish civil governments loyal to the Union therein, and to pass all needful ordinances for putting such constitution and goverument into operation. The constitution is to be adopted by a majority of the registered voters, and, on its approval by Congress, senators and representatives are to be admitted

Mr. Wood declared that the bill contained principles which no true republican could asent to. The existing laws gave to the provisional governments, recognized as now operating in the Southern States, the power to initiate preparatory proceedings for calling ments. The effect of this bill would be to for those States, as Liouis Napoleon established an empire for France, and as Maximilian proposed to establish an empire for Mexico. He could never consent to setting up the military over the civil power, and therefore he protested against this bill.

March, which declared that until the people of the rebel States should be, by law, admitted to representation, the civil governments therein should be deemed provisional only, and subject, in all respects, to the permanent authority of the United States, at any time to abolish, modify, control or supercede the same. This bill was therefore, in that respect, following the purpose of Congress in that bill, and instead of this being a bill to - A Stamford (CE) miller generously of-fers to grind all the corn which may be sent to the rebel States, it was a bill to provide mahim, put it in barrels, and send it to the poor | chinery whereby they might get rid of military governments.

not direct the registration to be made by the military commanders.

Mr. Wilson replied that it certainly did .-There was no provision at all in the act of the 2d of March for the registration of voters. It determined who might vote within those States; and it was for the purpose of ena-

provided for a registration under the supervision of military commanders. Mr. Blaine asked Mr. Wilson whether this bill was not designed and expressly calculated to give everybody in those States an even start in the election

bling competent persons to act that this bill

Mr. Wilson replied that that was certainly the purpose of the bill. Mr. Blaine expressed the opinion that that

being the object of the bill, it should be pass-Mr. Wood remarked that the effect of the bill depended entirely on the will of the mil-

itary commander. Mr. Wilson replied that the military commander would be controlled by the provisions of the bill, and could not extend the time for the completion of the bill beyond the 1st of priated. September next. This bill was intended to act in aid of the legislation of last Congress

-the act of 2d of March being, as everybody knew imperfect in its provisions-providing no machinery for carrying its provisions into effect. This bill merely supplied Mr. Bingham moved to amend the fifth section so as to make the State constitution be adopted by a majority of those actually

voting, instead of, as is provided in the fifth section, by a majority of those registered.

This amendment gave rise to considerable discussion, involving the whole merits of the bill, and was participated in by Messrs- Bingham, Wilson, Boutwell, Niblack, Marshall and Eldridge: Finally, it was rejected without a

Mr. Butler asked Mr. Wilson to let him submit a motion to recommit the bill for the purpose of striking out the provisions requiring the military commanders to earry out the

law within a specified time. Mr. Wilson declined to yield for that purpose, remarking that the bill gave military commanders until the first of September | ting Virginia in the most numerous branch next. He moved the previous question. The previous question was seconded, and

the main question ordered. Mr. Wood moved to lay the bill or the table. Rejected-yeas, 27; nays, 115. The bill was then passed-yeas, 117, nays, 27-a strict party vote.

The Supplementary Bill.

The following is a copy of the bill which passed the House on Monday, supplementary of the act "To provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States:"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the commanding general in each district defined by the act entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall cause a registration to be made before the first day of September, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, in each county or parish in the several States included in his district, of the male citizens of the United States twenty-one years of age and upwards, resident in each county or parish, which reg istration shall include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the said Let to provi te for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or firmation: "I, -, of -, in the county or parish of ____, in the State of , do hereby solemnly swear (or affirm)

hundred and sixty-seven, entitled 'An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebet States.' that I am sincerely and carnestly attached to the Union and government of the United States, that I will steadfastly support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and that I will, to the best of my ability, digage all others to support and obedience. So help me God." Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever the registration hereby provided shall be completed, and copies thereof returned to the commanding general, he shall cause to be held in each State of his district, on a day not less than thirty days from the date of his proclamation thereof, an election of delegates to a convention for the purpose of framing a constitution for said State, and of firmly re establishing a civil government loyal to the Union therein, and of passing all.

that I am not excluded from the right to vote

by the provisions of the fifth and sixth sec-

tions of the act passed March two, eighteen

needful ordinances for putting said constitution and government into operation. the convention in each State shall consist of the number of members of the most numerous branch of the Legislature of such State, under the Constitution thereof existing January one, eighteen hundred and sixty; and the election districts existing on the said first dayof January shall be observed in the elections and in the assignment of delegates. The commanding general to each military district shall assign, as near as may be, to the several election districts in each State within his jurisdiction, the number of delegates to which it may be entitled, according to the number of registered voters within its limits: Provided, That each district shall be entitled to at least one delegate. Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the

commanding general of each district shall anpoint such loval officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, to make and complete a regis-tration, to preside at the election, to receive. sort, and count, and to make return to him of the votes. lists of voters, and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof, and within sixty days of the date of election he shall notify the delegates to assemble, at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, to proceed to the organization of a place that power entirely in the hands of the | convention; and when the said convention military. It was to establish a government | shall have framed a constitution in accordance with said "Act to provide cient government of the rebel States," said constitution shall be submitted by the convention to the persons registered under the provisions of this act at an election to be conhe protested against this bill.

Mr. Wilson stated that this bill did not conflict in the least with the act of 2d of provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof, to be given by said convention; and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

> if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the electors qualified as herein specified, the president of the convention shall transmit a president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately and the convention shall transmit a copy of the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately and the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified to the President adherence to promises made to them is of the utmost importance, as well as the removal of all temptation to misconduct.
>
> The influences of Christianity form the distely upon its next assembling; and if the essential element of moral character, as ife

Mr. Wood inquired whether this bill did said Constitution shall be declared by Con gress to be in conformity with the fifth secfor the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the other provisions of the said act shall have been complied with, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as therein provided.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That all elections in the States mentioned in the said " act to provide for the more efficient govern-ment of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties; take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled " an act

to prescribe an oath of office." Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made, by them, under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appro-

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such States as may be necessary to pay the same.

Since the above was put in type, the subject has been taken up in the Senate, and 3 substitute offered embodying the following

Section 1. The following words are added: Which oath may be administered by any registering officer." And that part of the oath which asserts that the swearer is sincerely attached to the Union and the Gov-

ernment is omitted. Sections 2 and 3 are consolidated. Merely technical changes. The Virginia Convention is to consist of the " same number of members. as represenented the territory now constituof the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid." As the bill stood before, it might have been questionable whether the convention was to consist of as many delegates as the undivided State had in the House of Delegates in 1860. instead of above. Thirty days previous no-

tice of the registration is also to be given. Section 3 (4). The convention shall first determine by vote whether it is the wish of the people to frame a constitution and government under the Sherman bill; and if so, shall proceed to form the same as provided in the

Section 5 in the above bill is not altered, except as to number, it being substitute.

Section 5 (6) is changed so as to require the commissioners and conductors of election to take, in addition to the usual oath of office, an oath "faithfully to perform their duties, Section 6 (7) is not altered.

Section 7 (8) is not altered. Yet it may be worth mentioning that the taxes to be levied under it are required to be laid "upon" the property" in the State. That is, not upon persons-and that is, again, not upon negroes; A new section is added as follows:

"Section 8: And be it further enacted That the word 'article' in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean, section.

Address to Parents and the Public of Virginia.

The undersigned have been appointed by the "Educational Association of Virginia" a committee to address you on their behalf. "urging you to a more hearty co-operation with teachers in matters of instruction, dis-

The benefits which would be secured to education, and the aid which would be afforded teachers by such co-operation, would be very great; a all who have any experience on the subject must be aware of the obstacles at the very threshold of education arising from the want of proper family management. If, therefore, they can be removed, much good will be attained. Since the teacher is properly to be regarded as the parent's agent, to assist in the training of his children, it appears obvious that parents may be best in duced to this important concurrence by nointng them to the fundamental principles to be

bserved in the education of youth. In its broad, comprehensive sense; educaion embraces the physical, moral, and intellectual instruction of a child, from infancy to manhood. Any system is imperfect which does not combine them all, and that is best which, while it thoroughly developes them, abases the coarse, animal affections of human nature, and exalts the higher faculties and feelings. A child has everything to learn, and is more readily taught by having before it good examples to imitate, than by simple precepts. He should, therefore, as far as cirumstances will permit, be encouraged to associate with his parents; for his heart must be affected, his feelings moved, as well as his mind expanded. He may be taught that it is criminal to steal, and sinful to lie, and yet be unable to apply this knowledge to the gov-ernment of himself; and it will therefore be of no value to him unless the principle is conformed into a habit.

Obedience is the first requisite in family training. It should be made sincere and perfeet, and to proceed as much from affection as a conviction of its necessity. To accomplish this, great prudence and the exercise of much patience are necessary. By firmness mixed with kindness the child will learn, by repeated experience, that he is not to fol his first impulse, and that self-control, which even an infant can understand, is necessary to his comfort, Neither violence nor harshness should ever be used; and the parent must bear constantly in mind that to govern his child he must show him that he can control himself. One of the most common errors in management of children is irregularity of behavior towards them. They are as skilful, as pertinacious in their attempts to gratify their self-will; at one time trying to evade authority, at another to oppose it. If they once succeed, they are encouraged to persevere, and it is necessary for the parent to meet the first attempt with firmness. and not permit himself to be baffled by evasion or reaistance. Although a child may not yield to threats, and may defy punishment, he cannot resist patient kindness and gentle admonition.

The love of truth is equal in importance to

habitual obedience. Every encouragement, even to the pardoning of offences, should be given to its cultivation. The first impulse of the mind in children is always to speak the truth rather than falsehood, unless Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That, if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the electors qualified as herein specified, the president of the convention shall transmit a equivocation should be seculously inculcated.

brinciples are the only sufficient basis of virtue or happiness. Hence the parent's most forence, E. M. Church. tue or happiness. Hence the parent's most sacred duty to his child is to impress the sentiments of our holy religion early upon his mind by personal explanation As the intellect expands, its sacred truths will be comprehended and felt, and its motives and prinriples be strengthened and confirmed by practice and habit.

An essential part of the education of youth is to teach them to serve themselves, and to impress upon them the fact that nothing good and Chapel, John A. Kurh. Bultimore Circan be acquired in this world without labor; and that the very necessaries and comforts of life must be procured by earnest and regular exertion. They should also be taught to know that after having been realed and educated by their parents, they should not expect them to provide further for them, and that their future subsistence and advancement must depend upon themselves. Parents sometimes commit the mistake of allowing their children, after having reached the period of life when they ought to be engaged in making a livelihood, to rely upon them for support. This encourages them in injurious idleness, and destroys their spirit of self-dependence, which is necessary for their advancement in life, and causes them to apbear so unreasonable as to depend upon them after having arrived at an age when they should think and act for themselves

The choice of a profession is of so much consequence as the manner in which it is pursued. If habits of self-control and self-denial have been acquired during the season of education, the great object has been accomplished. Diligence and integrity in any useful pursuit of life will be sure to se cure prosperity and fame, and success will result from engaging in that business in which the generality of mankind are interested.

Such being the correct view of education, the support and co operation which faithful teachers should receive from parents can be easily inferred by the good sense of each one. We only ask especial attention, in concluding, to the following suggestions, which our experience has shown to be of prime importance. 1. The parent, after committing his child

to-the teaching of another, should continue

to-manifest an affectionate interest in his improvement by constant inquiry and encourage-2 The supplying of young persons, while absent from their homes, with needless money, and the permission to contract debts, are to be reprobated, as tempting to a sinful prodigality and multiplying the dangers of con-

tracting habits of vice 3. The proper authority of teachers must be firmly sustained by parents. 4. Every young person should be inform-

ed by his parents that he must give diligence to profit by his studies, or else must be compelled to make himself useful to society by actual labor in some humbler sphere. And last; an unworthy parent cannot rea-

sonably except the teacher, against the bur bent of his wrong example, to form his son into a worthy man.

R. E. LEE, JOHN B. MINOR, Committee. R. L. DABNEY. March 8, 1867:

A WOLF KILLED .- On Friday last quite an excitement was made at the apearance of a large she wolf, in the neighborhood of the Conococheague, near Wilson's Store, in this county. Early in the morning she was seen on the farm of Mr. Alexander Miller, who fixed several loads of small shot into her, with much effect. Later in the day a party of ten hunted her down, and she was finally killed by a shot from Mr. Miller. She measured four feet in length and two feet in heighth. Vatious conjectures have been formed as to where the "varmint" could have come from but the most probable place is the territory of Virginia! Since the great State of Virginia has been thrown into a territory we may look for many wild animals crossing the Potomac into our State. The appearance of this wolf is only the forerunner. - Hagerstown Mail.

[Our friend is mistaken as to the point from which the "varmint" came. The emigration of animals is not northward, but contrariwise. If they only come in the shape of wolves, we shall be content, but we expect hyenas, with their appetites sharpened for the destruction of our people and their substance. These will be pressing down upon as soon as the confiscation bill is passed.]

-A FINANCIAL STORM IMMINENT.-Remarking upon the necessity of the adoption of some national financial system, the New York Journal of Commerce remarks: "Unless some recognized system is soon adopted, it will be too late to prevent a financial storm that will sweep with a cruel blight over all the land. If we were seeking for a political revolution, we should say that such a crisis could come none too soon; but not even to open the eyes of the people to the fearful dangers impending from Radical legislation would we willingly invoke the tempest that must wreck so many fortunes."

-The Evansville Courier is informed by a letter that a gold mine has been discovered in Crittenden county, Ky., and lots of twenty feet square are being sold for \$20,000 each.

- The Legislature of Virginia have decided that members are entitled to charge the State for going home and back to Richmond, from the regular session to the extra session-although they did not travel an inch.

ECLIPSE.—There will be a total eclipse of the moon, visible throughout the United States, on the morning of the 20th of the present month, beginning at two and ending fifteen past three o'clock.

MARRIED.

On the 14th instant, in Romney, by the Rev. Wm H. Foote, Mr. ROBERT B. KIDD, to Miss LIZZIE M., only daughter of Mrs. Susan C. and the late Wm. J. Armstro g, all of Romney.

At "Peach Hill" in Clarke county, on Thursday, the 14th ult, by Rev. Benton Shepherd, Mr. 30HN F. COISTON, of this county, and Miss ROBERTA, daughter of Robert A. Colston, Esq.

On the 5th inst, in Baltimore, by Rev. Mr. Laun-acre, Mr. CHARLES L. HOPWOOD, of Fr derick, Md., to Miss LOTTIE R. COPELAND, of Harper's

DIED.

On Thursday night last, at the residence of Mr. John Riley, in Rippon, Mrs. MARY A. BAYLIS, formerly of this town, aged 61 years. At the residence of Mr. John F. Bane, at Duffield's Depot, on Tuesday morning last, Mr. CHARLES NICELY, aged about 25 years.

In Baltimore, on the 10th inst., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Vanarsdale, Mrs. ELIZA G. WOLF, daughter of the late Thomas Likens, of this place, aged 63 years. On the 15th ult. in Berkeley county, Mr. MI-CHAEL K SEIBERT, in the 75th year of his age.

REPATRING of Watches, Clocks, and Sewelry of all kinds, done at old prices at the Jewelry Store of L. DINKLE.

BRUSHES AND COMBS. - Hair. Tooth and Nail Brushes in great variety. Rubber Dressing and Fine Combs, also Ladies' Buffalo Tock Combs. March 19. L. DINKLE. L. DINKLE. SHAWL PINS and Steel Pend for sale low by L DINKLE.

BALTIMORE DISTRICT .- S Register, Presiding Elder .- Baltimore, Central Church, S. S. Roszell, J. Poisal, A. W. Wilson, supernumerary. Winans', L. D. Houston, T. E. Carson, J. N. Hank, supernumerary.— South Baltimore, D. H. Parish. East Baltimore, G. G. Smith. North Baltimore, E. Welty, J. L. Gibbons supernumerary. Howcuit, J. P. Etchison, J. W. Jordan. Taylor's Circuit, J. P. Hall, J. N. Spangler supernumerary. Rockville, J. E. Armstrong, one to be supplied. Rock Creek, Wm. K. Boyle, B. F. Ball. Montgemery, Robert Smith, R H. Wilson. Frederick city, E. R. Smith .-Frederick Circuit, F. A. Mercer. Laurel, J. W. Bull, one to be supplied. Harford, G. H. Zimmerman. West Harford, W. W. Watts. Severn, L. C. Miller. West River, J. J. Edwards, one to be supplied. Calvert, A. A. Eskridge, S. Townsend. Talbot, Jas. Higgings, R. B. Frampton supernumerary .-Greens oro', to be supplied. Principal of Central Classical School, W. J. Perry. WASHINGTON DISTRICT .- J. S. Martin,

Presiding Elder - Washington, M. street, Wm. V. Tudor. Alexandria, Wm. E. Munsey, J. C. Hummer, city missionary. Lou-doun, J. Landstreet, L. H. Crenshaw. Hills. borough, E. L. Kreglo. Leesburg, S. Regers. Farmwell, J. T. Maxwell. Fairfax, A. B. Dolly, John S. Gardner, supernumerary. Warrenton, J. D. Blackwell, John T. James. Fauquier, L. M. Madison. Fredericksburg, F. C. Tebbs. Mount Vernon, C. G. Linthicum. Stafford, H. E. Johnson, Prince William, To be supplied. St. Mary's, Thos. W. Brown. Charles-J. M. Grandin. Prince George's, P. B. Smith. Bladensburg, S. H. Griffith. South River. J. H. Temple. Mount Carmel, L. D. Nixon. WINCHESTER DISTRICT. - W. S. Baird, Presiding Elder .- Winchester, Market street, R. R. S. Hough; Braddock street, To be supplied. Winchester Circuit, J H. March, one to be supplied, Frederick Mission, J. W. Wolf. Woodstock, John P. Hyde .-Front Royal, F. H. Ritchie. Berryville, W. G. Eggleston, F. Heterick. Berkeley, David Shoaff, one to be supplied Jefferson, J. W. Tongue. Shepherdstown, W. G. Coe. Wardensville, C. L. Torreyson, E. T. R. Fripp. Shanondale, A. Hobey.

ROCKINGHAM DISTRICT .- E. F. Busey, Presiding Elder .- Staunton, J. L. Clark. Augusta, W. R. Stringer. Churchville, A. A. P. Neal, J. P. Crickenberger, W. D. Rippetoe, supernumerary. Fairfield, Wm. Mc-Donald. Mount Sidney, J. J. Engle. East Rockingham, H. A Gaver, G. R. Jefferson. Bridgewater, G: Stevenson, one to be sup. plied, R. M. Poole. Rockingham, A. 1. Boude. Harrisonburg, Samuel Kepler. New Market, Thomas Briley. Luray, To be supplied. Wesleyan Female Institute, Wm. A.

Harris, Principal. ROANOKE DISTRICT .- Dabney Ball, Presiding Elder .- Salem, G G. Brooke, W. M. Heiner. Christiansburg, J. Follansbee .-Blacksburg, J. T. Liggett. Jacksonville, J. M. Meredith. Montgomery, To be sup-plied. Sinking Creek, W. R. McNeer, Lafayette, W. Hedges, J. F. Bean, supernumerary. Fincastle, J. L. Gilbert, 1. Canter. Big Lick, J. N. Gray Lexington; P. H. Whisner. Lexington Circuit, J. S. Porter. Collierstown, W. Hammond. Catawba and Caig's Creek, H. M. Stickler, E. G. Jamison supernumerary.

LEWISBURG DISTRICT .- J. Hoffman Waugh, Presiding Elder .- Lewisburg. L. R. Jones. Frankford, S. B. Dolly, R. H. G. SANUEL E. EGERTON & Co., Plaintiffs, Tresspuss Keran: White Sulphur, J. II. Wolf. Blue Sulphur, A. Weller, J. F. Clark. Levelton, P. S. E. Sixeas, Greenbank, C. A. Joyce. Centreville, J. W. Ewan. Union, J. R. Vanhorn. Peterstown, S. R. Snapp. Gap Mills, A. Boon. Covington, A. Q. Flaharty, C. W.

SOUTH BRANCH DISTRICT .- J. C. Dice. Presiding Elder .- Moorfield, Thos. Hildebrand. Petersburg, L. W. Haslup. South Branch, James Beatty, one to be supplied, H. Hoffman supernumerary. Springfield, J. B. Fitzpatrick, L. Butt. North River, Ellis H. Jones. Piedmont and New Creek Station, M. G. Balthis. Frostburg, to be supplied. New Creek Circuit, to be supplied. Franklin, David Hätris, M. A. Taylor. Monterey, S. F. Butt, J. F. Smith. Crab Bottom, Stephen Smith, J. L. Snyder. Upper Back Creek, J. W. Canter. Baltimore Conference Missionary- David

Sunday School Agent-W. II. Wilson. Tract Agent-B. Hough.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EVERY BODY SHOULD USE ROHRER'S EXPECTORAL Wild Cherry Tonic,

FOR Discases of the Chest, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs, L Stomach, Bowels, Dvspepsia, Diarrhoa, Dysentery, Chotera-morbus, General Debility, &c. and As a Blood Purifier it has no Equal. A Sure Preventative and Cure of Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers. No Family should be without it. Sold by Druggists. Dealers and Ho-

be without it. Solid proprietor, tel Keepers everywhere.

J. ROHRER, Sole Proprietor,
Lancaster, Pa. 05- AISQUITH & BRO., Druggists, Agents, Charlestown, Va. February 26, 1867-6m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DR. J. V. SIMMONS,

HAVING permanently located here, tenders his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining countries in all operations pertaining to DENTAL SURGERY After an experianing to DENTAL SURGERY After an experience of nearly ten years, he feels confident that he can please all who favor him by their patronage. ARTIFICIAL TEETH, mounted upon English and American Rubber, in the very best manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

.... My TERMS SHALL BE MODERATE, and ma e known previous to operating if desired. He can be found, at all times during the day at his office in the CARTER HOUSE, Charlestown, Va.

... Unexceptionable references given when desired.

[July 24, 1866—1y.

DENTAL NOTICE.

De McCORMICK will visit Charlestown professionally on the 25th inst., and remain two weeks. March 5, 1867-3t

PEAS AND BEANS. LANDRETH'S Extra Early, Peas, Early Frame,
Royal Dwarf Marrowiat, White Marrowiat,
Dwarf Blue Imperial, Tom Thumb, and Eugenie.
Six Weeks' Bunch Beans, Brown Speckled, Large
Lima, Newington Wonder Beans, White and Red
Onions, and a Large assortment of Landeth's and
Shakers' Garden Seed for sale by
March 19

CAMPBELL & MASON.

New Orleans; Crushed and Refined Sugars, Rio,
Laguyra and Java Coffice, Spices, and some very
superior Tea

KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

PURE Cider Vinegar, for sale by
Feb. 26.

KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

BLEACHED, Unbleached and Blue Knitting Cotton, for sale by

GARDEN SEED. WE have received a large and complete assortment of Garden Seed in Papers. Peas, Beans, and Celery Seed in bulk. We are prepared to furnish the trade, Seed in boxes upon the most reasonable terms. The following are varieties we offer—PEAS—Tom Thumb, Dwarf Early, Extra Early, Marrowlat, Eusente, Black Eyed Marrowlat.

BEANS—Early Six Weeks' Snapps, White Kidney, White Marrow, Early Valentine, Linfa.

All of these Seed we warrant FRESH.

March 19.

AlsQUITH & BRO.

GARDEN TOOLS -Spading Forks, Spades, Rakes and Hoes, for sale at the Agricultural Store of RANSON & DUKE.

RIFLE Barrels, Gun Locks, Powder, Shot, Caps' and Cartridges of all kinds, for sale by Feb. 26. D HUMPHREYS & CO. DINKLE.

PLENDID DOLLS and Doll Heads to be had the Cheins of all kinds, for sale by L. DINKLE.

L. DINKLE.

L. DINKLE.

L. DINKLE.

Feb. 26.

D. RUMPHREYS & CO. PUBLIC SALE.

WILL offer at Public Auction in Charlestown, SATURDAY, MARCH Both, 1867 THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY:

One Fine Young STALLION-four years old, good size, and works yery kindly:
One Saddle and Harness HORSE—said to be very fine; One Top Buggy and Harness.

TERMS: A credit of Six Months will be given to parties giving bond and approved security.

EDWARD TEARNEY, Executor of Dr. Cistello, dec'd.

E. C. RANBOLPH & CO., OFFICES: Public quare, Charlottesville, No. 193, Church st., Lynchburg, VIRGINIA.

AVE for sale FARMS of all sizes and prices in Madison Greene, Orange, Culpepper, Louisa, Albemarle, Goochland, Fluvanna, Buckingham, Appointatox, Nelson, Amherst, Campbell, Bedford, Botetourt, Reckbridge, Franklin, Floyd, Carroll, Montgomery, Pulaski, Rossell, Greenbrier, and Weslanders, Counties, Rossell, Greenbrier, and Washington counties, Va. Times, is our authorized agent in the Lower Shen-andoah Valley. He will furnish Catalogues or any mformation on the subject. March 19, 1767—tf.

BTILL ANOTHER CHANCE. HAVE all the NEGATIVES I made in Charlestown, and will furnish PHOTOGRAPHS from the m at 25 CENTS a piece. Orders sent by mail attended to promptly. Enclose the money by mail Address me as follows

Box 147, Charlottesville, Va. March 19, 1867-6m.

LIME. HAVE just received twenty barrels SUPERIOR LIME, suitable for White Washing. W. J. HAWKS, Agent, for M. J. Grove. March 19, 1867-3t.

NEW GOODS.

I HAVE just returned from the City, and have I now in store a fresh arrival of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Plaid Domestics and Ginghams, Knitting Cotton, Cotton Chain, assorted numbers and colors; Gents' Cassimeres, Table Oil Cloths, plain and faney; Superior Rag Carpet, Fresh Gro-cerits and Confectionaries, Mackerel, &c. Also, FRESH GARDEN SEED.

I have replenished deficiencies generally in its stock, and am now prepared to offer bargains, and respectfully invite the community to call and examine.

J. S. MELVIN. Duffiields, March 19, 1866.

NOTICES.

NOTICE. THE Notes given at my sale on the Sict of Narch 1866, will be due the 21st of this month, March 1867, and parties paying at maturity of Note will save a year's interest. The Notes are in the hands of N. S. White, Charlestown.

March 49, 1867. JOHN L. CRAIGHILL.

NOTICE. HEFLEBOWER, to present them at once properly authenticated for settlement. Those indebted to said estate, are notified that immediate payment must be made.

DANIEL HEFLEBOWER, Ex'r of Daniel Heflebower, dcc.d. February 26, 1867—ff.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS. NOTICE is hereby given that T. W. Potto field, D. S., will be in Charlestown on Friday of each week, for the purpose of collecting Taxes, and in Harper's Ferry, on every other day in the week, If the unpaid Taxes are not promptly paid, the property of the delinquents will be advertised and sold forthwith according to law.

Feb 25, 1867-31. WM RUSH, Sheriff.

WEST VIRGINIA: At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, on the 4th day of March, 1567,

on the case JOHN A NICELY, Defendant: ment THE object of the above suit is to recover of the defendant the sum of \$256.47 and interest thereon, from the 6th day of November, 1866, together with camages and costs of suit. And it appear ig, on affidavit fied in this suit, that the sald defendant is not a resident of this State, he is here by required to appear within one month after due polication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this matter. It is further ordered, that a conveneration has been published once a ordered, that a copy hereof be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the "Spirit of Jefferson," in said county, and posted at the front door of the Court House in said county, on the first Monday after the date of this order.

Teste. W. A. CHAPLINE, Clerk. J. W. KENNEDY, P. Q. Feb. 26, 1867-5t.

FINE PIANO FOR SALE.

A BOUT to discontinue house-keeping, I offer for sale a CHICKERING SEVEN OUTAVE PRE-MIUM GRAND PIANO - pronounced by Professora and Amateurs, an instrument of unrivalled sweetness and power. Except the case, it is entirely me talic in its construction, consequently not affected or liable to injury by the changes of our climate.—
In addition to being a delightful Parlor Instrument, its volume fenders it very desirable for Private or

Public Concerts.

It will be sold on a credit of nine months, on pproved security. Address, MRS MARGARET G. DOUGLASS,

Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia. March 5, 1867—1f. [Clarke Journal and Winchester Times copy, and end bill to this office.]

D. HOWELL'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING GOODS. D. HOWELL has just received his first install-ment of Spring Goods, consisting in part of Spring Calico's and Mouslaines, Bleached and Brown Cotton, Plaid Cotton, Check, Cottonades Crash, Irish Linen, Fine White Flannel and a va-riety of Notions, all of which are offered at the low

RINE Chewing Tobacco, White and Brown Sugars, Rio and Laguyra Coffees, very superlor Green and Black Tea, Chocolate and Scotch Snuff, just received and for sale by D. HOWELL.

FRESH Water and Soda Crackers, and Prime Cheese, just received by D HOWELL. COAL Oil, Lamps, Lanterns, Chimneys and Wicks, just received by D. HOWELL, PATENT Axle Grease, just received by Mar. 5. D. HOWELL.

KEARSLEY & SHEERER'S CARDS.

NEW GOODS! WE are now receiving our second supply of WINTER GOODS, which makes our stock

one of the most complete this side of Baltimore and as short profits and quick cash sales is our foot to, we hope to receive a large share of the public patronage.

KEARSLEY & SHEERER. GROCERIES.

WE have just received our stock of Groceries, which will be found complete, including several grades of Brown Sugar, some prime New Crop New Orleans. Crushed and Refined Sugars, Price and Price and

BLEACHED, Unbleached and Blue Knitting Cotton, for sale by Feb. 26. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. BLEACHED and Brown Cottons, just received and for sale by KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

BUCKWHEAT MEAL, For sale by KEARSLEY & SHEERER. PEAS AND BEANS.
TOM THUMB PEAS, Marrowiat Peas, Dwarf Sugar Peas Dwarf Blue Imperial, Eugenie Peas, Landreth's Extra Early Peas, Early France Peas, Lima Beans, Caroline of Sewell Beans, China White

Beans, Yellow Six Week's Beans, Early Valentine Beans, Batly Mobawk Beans, with a full assortment of all Mods of Garden Seeds, for sale at the Igriulture Store of RANSON & DUKE. March 5, 1867.

THE latest styles of Ladies', Misses and Children's Hoop Skirts, for sale by March 5.

GREAT DISTRIBUTION

BY THE MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS' JEWELRY ASSOCIATION, OF Rosewood Pianos and Melodeons, Fine Oil Paintings, Engravings, Silver Ware, Gold and Silver Watches and Elegant Jewelry, consisting of Diamond Pins, Diamond Rings, Gold Bracelets, Corat, Florentine, Mosaic, Jet, Lava, and L die.' Sets, Gold Pens, with gold and silver extension holders. Sleeve Buttons sets of Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, plain and chased Gold Chains, &c., valued at

81,000,000 FOR ONE DOSLAR.

THE MERCHANTS' & MANUFACTURERS' JEWELRY ASSOCIATION. REAL ESTATE BROKERS, Calls your attention to the fact of its being the largest and most popular Jeweiry Association in the United States. The business is and always has the United States. The business is and always has been conducted in the most candid and honorable manner. Our rapidly incrensing trade is a sure guarantee of the appreciation of our patrons for this method of obtaining rich, elegant and costly goods. The sudden stagnation of trade in Europe, owing to the late German war, and recent disustivous financial crisis in Europe, has caused the failure of a large number of Jewelry houses in London and Parts, obliging them to sell their goods at a great sacrifice, in some instances less than one third the cost of manufacturing. We have lately purchased very largely of these Bankrupt Goods, at such extremely low prices that we can afford to send away Finer Goods, and give better chances to draw the most valuable prizes than any other estab lishment doing a similar business. CUR AIM IS TO PLEASE, and we respectfully solicit your patronage, as we are confident of giving the utmost satisfaction. During the past year we have forwarded a number of the most valuable prizes to all parts of the country. Those we opatronize us all parts of the country. Those w o patronize us will receive the full value of their money, as no article on our list is worth less than One Dollar, retail, and there are no Blanks. Parties dealing with us may depend on having prompt returns, and the artis e drawn will be immediately sent to any address by return mail or express.

The following parties have recently drawn valuable prizes from the Merchants' & Manufacturers'

Jewelry Association and have kindly allowed use of their names;

Frederick V. Browne; Esq., Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., Piano, value, \$450;
Miss Anna L. Frost, Waverly Terrace, N. Y city,
Ladiea' Gold Fanneled and Diamond Set, Watch,
value, \$300; William B. Emmions, New Orleans,
La., Sewing Machine, value, \$75; George L. Davenport, Mobile, Ala., Silver Tea Set, value, \$200;
Miss Lucy Orentt, Albary, Ill., Sewing Machine Miss Lucy Orcutt, Albany, Ill., Sewing Machine, value, \$55; Mrs Mary J. Downing, Louisville, value, \$65; Mrs Mary J. Downing, Louisvillo, Ky., Gold Watch, value, \$200; James B. Fowler, Harrisburg, Pa., Silver Hunting Case Watch, value \$75—Rev. William Peyser, Milwaukie, Wis, Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, v.lue, \$125—J. J. Bickford, San Francisco. Cal., Gold Lined Silver Tea Set, value, \$300—Edvard L. Rice, St. Louis, Mo., Melodeon, value, \$250—Miss Helen E. Sinclair. Detroit, Mich., Diamond Cluster Ring, value, \$225—Horatio G Frost, Chicago, Ill., Large Oil Panting, value, \$300—Mrs. Charlotte E Hewins, Doniphan, Kansas, Chickering Grand Piano, value, \$700, and Music Box, value, \$65.

Many names could be pl ccd on the list, but we

publish no names without permission. Our patrons are desired to send us U. S. currency when con-Partial List of Articles, to be Sold for ONE DOLLAR BACH without regard to value, and not to be paid for un-

til you know what you are to receive:

Many names could be pl ced on the list, but we

10 Chickering Grand Pianos worth \$500 to \$700 15 Elegant Rosewood Pianos, 200 to 450 15 Elegant Melogeons, Rosewood case 175 to 220 50 First Class Sewing Machines, 40 to 300 75 Fiue Oil Paintings, 30 to 100 75 Fine Oil Paintings, 30 to 100 150 Fine Steel Engravings, framed, 20 to 30 50 Music Boxes. 25 to 40 150 Revolving Patent Castors, Silver, 20 to 50 Silver Fruit and Calce Baskets, 20 to 100 Sets of Tea and Table Spoons, 150 Gold Hunting Case Watches, war'd 50 to 100 Diamond Rings, cluster and single, 75 to 175 Gold Watches, 300 Endies' Watches;

85 to 150 60 to 100 Diamond Pins, Brooches and Ear Drops, Ladies' Sets of Gold and Coral, Jet and Gold, Florentine, Mosaic, Lava and Cameo; Sets of Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, plain and chased Gold Rings, Gold Thimbles, Lockets, new style Belt Buckles, Gold Pens and Pencils, fancy Work Boxes, Gold Pens with Gold and Silver Extension Holders, and a large assortment of Fine Silver Ware and Jewelry of every description, of the best make and latest style.

At chance to obtain any of the above articles for INE DOLLAR, by purchasing a sealed envelope

***Five Sealed Envelopes will be sent for \$1— Eleven for \$2—Thirty for \$5—Sixty-five for \$10— One Handred for \$15. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE:

Unequalled inducements offered to Ladies and Gents who will act as such. Our descriptive circularé will be sent on application.
Distributions are made in the following manner— Certificates naming each article and its value are placed in sealed envelopes, which are well mixed. One of these envelopes containing the Certificates or Order for some article, will be delivered at our office, or sent by mail to any address, without regard to choice, on receipt of 25 cents.

On receiving the Certificate the purchaser will see what article it draws and its value, and can send ONE DOLLAR and receive the article named. Purchasers of our SEALED EEVELOPES may, in this manner, obtain an article worth from one to five hun

Long letters are unnecessary. Have the kindness to write plain directions Orders for SEALED EN velores must in every case be accompanied with the tash, with the name of the person sending, and Town. County and State plainly written. Letters should be addressed to the Managers as follows— JACKSON, CORNISH & CO, 193 & 195 Broadway, New York. March 5, 1867 - 3m.

AISQUITH & BRO.'S CARDS.

AISQUITH & BRO.;



DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, TAVE JUST ADDED LARGELY to their stock DREGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES
PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,

DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS.

They are prepared to furnish everything pertaining to their business upon the most reasonable terms. They would specially call the attention of Country Physicians to their large and select stock of MEDIGINES suitable to their practice, which will be sold as low as they can be obtained anywhere. Every article warranted pure.

They will have constantly on hand a full stock of Oil. Lead, Colors, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes, cash Tools and every thing in the line of PAINTERS' MATERIAL.

All the popular PATENT MEDICINES tegether with a large and couplete stock of PERS UMERY, POMADES HAIR OILS, SOAPS, Tooth. Hair and Nail Brushes, and every variety of FANCY GOODS.

A carefully selected assortment of STATIONE. RY—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial Note, and Billet Papir, Envelopes, Pens. Pencils, &c.

(65-PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS accurately and neatly compounded at all hours.

60-After indulging in the Credit business for twelve months, they are convenced that it is not profitable. They cannot afford to, nor will they sell their goods on credit; their stock is purchased for CASH, and will be sold only for the money. Charlestown, Dec. 18, 1866.

THE VERY BEST REFINED KEROSENE OIL

FOR SALE AT AISQUITH & BRO. LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS!

SELLING OFF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

AT COST !

THE undersigned mishes to inform the public of Jefferson and surrounding counties that I will sell all my FALL AND WINTER GOODS at Baltimore cost. The stock consists of the best fabrics—Calicoes, Morsilins Alpaces, Brown and Bi riched Cottons, Red. White and Veflow Flannels, Ging hame, Bed Tickings, Balmoral Skirts, Ladies' and Misses Hoods, Shawis, Ladies' and Misses Woollen Hose, (white and colored) and a great many other articles belonging in this line, too numerous to mention. ion.
In the line of MILLINERY GOODS we offer great bargains—really selling them below cost.
The stock of Ready Made Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods has been lately renewed and will be sold at prices which cannot fail to please.

Men's, Boy's, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Hats will all be sold at the Baltimore cost price.

M. BELLIKEND. M. BEHREND,
Feb. 12. Opposite Campbell & Mason's.

DIMETY and Magic Rufflings, at Mar 6. M BEHREND'S. A FULL line of Velvet Ribbon, at Mar. 5. M. BEHREND'S. CUCUMBER PICKLES for sale by jOHNSON,

PUBLIC SALES.

PUBLIC SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE: INTENDING to discontinue house-keeping, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, at her present residence in Charlestown, on FRIDAY, MARCH 29th, 1867,

ALL OF HER HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE, consisting in part of the FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

100 yards Carpeting, Oil Cloth. &c.,
3 Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows,
Blankets and Counterpanes,
1 large handsome Book Case, glass doors, drawers and compartments below;
2 Bureaus—4 Bedsteads,
Chairs of various descriptions,
Handsome Candlelabras,
1 Duning Table, 1 Round Mahogany Table,
Small Tables, Wash Stands, &c.,
Curtains—Parlor and hamber;
1 large Kerosine Lamp 2 landsome Waiters,
2 Parlor Stoves—1 wood and 1 coal;
A large number of Stone Jars, various sizes, A large number of Stone Jars, various sizes,

2 Tin Safes,
1 fine Cooking Stove, with vessels complete,
Kitchen Furniture generally, and other articles
too numerous to mention. TERMS OF SALE. On all sums exceeding \$10, a credit of nine months will be given. Bond and approved security required. If the notes are met at maturity, no interest will be charged, but a failure to pay the notes when due, will subject them to interest from date. Sums of \$10 and under, the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

MRS. MARGARET G. DOUGLASS.

March 12, 1867.

March 12, 1867. PUBLIC SALE: I WILL sell at Public sale, upon my farn, at present occupied by Mr J. Howard Strider, one mile east of Duffield's D. pot,

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 26TH, 1867, THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY: 1 Brood Mare—in foal—works well, 1 two-year old Mare Colt, 1 Fresh Cow, 1 Yearling Calf, 1 Sow and Pigs,
1 good four forse Wagon,
1 Wheat Drill-1 Wheat Reaper,
1 Runyan Fan-1 Cutting Box,
1 pair of Grain Ladders, 2 Barshear Ploughs—I two-horse, 4 Double and 2 Single Shovel Ploughs, 1 Harrow—2 Corn Coverers.
1 Jack Screw—Log and Fifth Chain;
2 sets Breechbands,
1 set Lead Harness—4 sets Plough Gears,
Collars and Bridles—Grain Cradles,

Double and Single Trees, Grass Scythes, Mattocks and Picks, Shovels and Forks, Hoes, Water Keg, Tight Barrels, &c., &c. TERMS OF SALE. A credit of 6 months will be given on all sums of Ten Dollars. Bond and approved security required before the removal of the property. Sums of Ten Dollars and under, Cash

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A M. No postponement on account of weather. J. S. MELVIN. March 12, 1867. PULLIC SALES S Agent for MRS. FRANCES P FRAME, I will A sell at her farm, situated on the Berryville Turnpike, three miles from Charlestown, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 28th, 1857, the following property, to wit-One young Mare-good for saddle or harnesswith foal by a fine horse. One horse, handsome and stylish in Harness, or under the Saddle. 40 25 Six head of Milch Cows-five of them with

Fifteen head of Young Cattle Twenty head of Stock Hogs, Three Brood Sows. One Road Wagon and Harness, One Farm Wagon,
One new Spring Wagon and Harness,
Several Carts and Wheels,
One four horse McCornick Reaper,
One two horse do.
Three Barshear Ploughs, Four Double Shovel Ploughs, Two Single-Shovel do. Two Corn Coverers, one Roller; One Grain Drill, one Baker's Wheat Fan; One Sinclair's nine-inch Cutting-Box,

One Double Corn Sheller
One eight horse Ohio Thresher and Separator, with Horse Power and Straps complete; FIFTY BUSHELS OF SEED OATS. and a number of small articles too tedious to ent merate.

The sale will be positive, and is made in consequence of the farm having been rented.

TERMS OF SALE. Sums of \$10 and under, Cash: Over that amount six months credit, with interest from date, the porchaser giving bond with approved security. Interest will be remitted if the bonds are paid at ma-A. R H RANSON.

March 12, 1867-tds. [F. P.] PUBLIC SALE. THE undereigned will sell at Public Sale, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of MARCH, 1867, at Shannondale, if fair, if not the next fair day. at Public Auction, the following property viz: 4 Horser, one of which is a fine Brood Mare,

4 Horset, one of which is a fine Brood Mare,
7 Milch Cows, all of good quality, and young,
20 head of Hogs, among which are two fine Brood
Sows, 18 head of Sheep, 5 Lumbs,
3 Wagons, one Har-horse, one two-horse, one
one horse, Barshear, Double and Single Shovel
Plows, Harrows, Double Trees, Single Trees,
Rakes, Forks, &c.,
Wagon and Plow Gears, together with a lot of
Old Iron, 1 set of BLACKSMITH TOOLS,
FIFTY BARRELS OF CORN.

TERMS. A credit of six months will be given on all sums A Credit of six months will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards, the purchaser giving bond and approved security. Under that amount the cash will be required. No property to be removed until the terms of are fully complied with.

[6]—Sale decommence at 10 o'clock, A. M. March 5, 1867—tds. JAMES W. MILTON.

PUBLIC SALE. H AVING determined to quit farming, I will sell-at Public Sale, at my residence, 3 miles south of Middleway, on the road leading from Shepherds, town to Winchester, and about 3½ miles west of WEDNESD Y, MARCH 20, 1867, the following PERSONAL PROPERTY, to wit-

the following PERSONAL PROPERTY, to wit—
1 Dorsey Self Raking 'exper,
1 Guin Spring Drill, with Guano and Clover Seed
Attachment, 1 Wire Rake,
1 Cast Iron Corn Sheller, 1 Roller,
1 TWO-HORSE CARRIAGE,
1 Wheat Fan, 1 Revolving Wheat Screen,
3 Barshear Plows, 1 two-horse McCormick Plow,
Double and Single Shovel Plows, 3 Harrows,
2 four horse iron-axle Wagons complete,
1 Spring Wagon for two horses,
1 Horse Cart, 1 Ox Cart,
Double and Single Trees, Crowbars,
3 pairs Breeching, 2 pairs Fore Gears,
Blind Bridles, Collars, &c.,
2 pairs Grain Ladders, Digging Irone, Mattocks,
5 No. 1 Young Mules, 1 Mare and Colt,
2 Colts, 1 three and 1 two years old, (Mare Colt,)
7 head of Milch Cows, 10 head young Cattle,
26 head improved Cotswold Sheep, 30 head of Hogs,
2 Barrels of Vinegar,
A lot of Old Iron,
About 100 feet Heavy Repe, new,
70 Bushels SEED OATS.

TERMS OF SALE.

TERMS OF SALE. A credit of 6 months will be given on all sums \$10 and upwards, the purchaser giving bond and approved security, the notes to bear interest from date, but if met at maturity, the interest will be ren lited. Under \$10, the Cash will be required.—No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

JOHN H. CAMPBELL. CHOICE MEATS ON HAND AT ALL TIMES.

THE undersigned having undertaken to supply the citizens of Charlestown with Fresh Beef and other Meats in season, offers to the public the advantages of a DAILY MARKET, and will en denor to expose for sale only that which is Choice Meat, and at reasonable rates.

I have secured the services of a competent Butcher, and stock will be killed and dressed with care.

I respectfully ask a share of the public patronage.

I SAAC NELSON. January 29, 1867.

DARODY. Mammy, dear Mammy, come home to me now,
The clock on the mantel strikes one. —
You said you were coming right home from th Store,
As soon as your shopping was done
It is no use looking around," you have said,
'Since TRUSSELL'S had opened their Sure,"
But I fear you've forgotten the promise you made,
And are running around as before.
Come home, come home, come home,
Stop shopping, dear Mammy, and come home.

Mammy, dear Mammy, come home to me now,
The clock on the mantel strikes two,
Papa wants his dinner, and is raising a row,
For he has been waiting for you.
If you've forgotten the Store where the Shore may
be found, be found,
Of all kinds, to suit lady or gent,
It is Taussell's, Main Street, stop running around
Buy of them, and your money's well spent
TRUSSELL's CO.

March 12, 1867.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. A. STRAITH, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. NO. 522; WEST FAYETTE STREET (BETWEEN FRANKLIN Sq. and SHEOEDER STREET,) BALTIMORE CITY. Massages left at the Drug Stores of COLEMAN & ROGERS, Baltimore street, and of J. SMITH, corner Entaw and Lexington streets, will receive at-63- May also be found at the office of the CON-TINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, du October 23, 1866-tf.

JAMES A. L. MC'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 49, St. Paul Street. Bultimore, DRACTICES in the State and United States Courts L and pays particular attention to the prosecuton of claims against the General Government. January 2d 1866-tf. EDWARD E. COOKE.] ANIBLW E. EENNILY

LAW CARD. COOKE & KENNEDY. WILL attend to effice business in Jefferson, and will practice regularly in the Courts of Clarke and Frederick, and in any other of the adjacent ounties where the test oath is not required. OFFICE-In the Valley Bank Building. Charlestown, May 1, 1365.

MECHANICAL.

A NEW ENTERPRISE. SHOE-FINDINGS AND LEATHER, BANTZ & WACHTER,

HAVE opened, in connection with their Tannery, a LEATHER & SHOE-FINDING STORE, At No. 61, West P. trick Street, (BELOW BARTEIS' HOTEL,) FREDERICK CITY, MARYLAND, where they will ke p on hand a general assortment of LEATHER and SHOE-FINDINGS, such as

Hemlock Sole Oak Sole,
Calf, Kip, Upper Sheep, French Calf,
Harness, Bridle, Skirting and Morocco;
Linings, Binding, Lasts, Boet Trees,
Crimping Boards, Shoe Hammers and Knives,
Bristles, Thread, Tacks, Wax, and in fact everything a shoo m nufacturer may want in his business, which we will sell as cheap as can be bought in any city. Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before pur-

wen to call and examine our stock before pur-chasing elsewhere.

35-They will also keep constantly on hand a full supply of every variety of Ladies' and Gertlem n's SHOE UPPERS, ready fitted for bottoming.

...TERMS—CASH.

To persons from this section TERMS—CASH.

To persons from this section, our city presents the advantage of enabling them to visit us; make their purchases, and return the same day, giving them several hours in the city.

HIDES bought at the Store, or at the Tannery at the end of West Church street. We will also receive HIDES in exchange for LEATHER, or any other material in our line.

other material in our line.
BANTZ & WACHTER, No. 61, West Patrick street, Frederick February 26, 1867—6m * DAVID II. COCKRILL, ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

HARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON CO.; Virginia. oR the very liberal patronage extended to S. HOWELL BROWN,
Old Capitol," I tender my sizeer thanks.
Having had an experience of years in the CARPENTER & HOUSE JOINING BUSINESS, and now in command of a corps of competent workmen; and having on hand a supply of valua-ble building material, I am fully prepared to exe-cute all work e trusted to me, speedity, in the best manner, and to the entire satisfaction of all who

patronize me.

(C) Particular attention given to the drawing of plans and specifications.

DAVID H. COCKRILD:

November 13, 1866—1. JULIUS C. HOLMES. HOUSE CARPENTER & BUILDER, INFORMS the citizens of Jefferson and Clarke counties, that he has opened a CARPENTER AND JOINING SHOP,

in Charlestown, and will attend to all REPAIRING of HOUSES and will CONTRACT for BUILDINGS. All work will be done in the neatest and most workmanlike manner, and at a moderate rate.

63-COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for work. All who want their work done in a quick and neat manner, will find it to their advantage to give him a call

November 27, 1866-3m. SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKING AT

Harper's Ferry. THE subscriber would inform the public that he is prepared at his SHOP AT HARPER'S FERRY, on High Street, just above the store of S. V. Yantis, to execute all kinds of Work in the SADDLE AND HARNESS LINE. Intending to work nothing but the BESTSTOCK, he feels sure that he will be able to give satisfaction to all who may trust him with their work. He has also made arrangements for co

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING 1 Business, and will at all times have a competent hand to attend to this branch of the business. Those who need anything in this line will find it to their advantage to give him a call. WM. A. BANTZ



WE off th the lizers of the kingham, Shen-andoah, Federick, Clarke, Jefferson and Berkeley counties, the cheapest and best WASH-ING MACHINE ever made, warranted not to wear or tear the Clothes, washes perfectly clean, makes

Machine and Wringer, 12 00

Machine separate, 14 00

HUMPHREYS & CO. Hardware Dealers,
EUGENE WEST, General Agent,
Charlestown, Jefferson county; Va.

February 5, 1867. [Clarke Journal, Rockingham, Register, Martinsgurg New Era, Winchester Times, New Market Valley, and Shepherdstown Register copy tf. and send bill to this office. I "KING OF THE WEST."

January 31, 1867.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!! CARRIAGESII I HAVE just received a large supply of one and two horse CARRIAGES consisting of Double and Single Rock aways. Buggies with and without tops, Market Wagons, Germantowns, &c. These Carriages are made of the best material, have all the modern improvements, and were built at the celebrated Carriage Factory of Wm. McCann, Baltimore. They are sent to me to sell on commission AT BALTIMORY PRICES.

W. J. HAWKS. PRICES. Agent for Wm. McCand. March 5, 1867-2m.-F. P.

GARDEN SEED. LANDRETH & SONS and "Shaker's" Early York, Early Oxheart, Early Wakefield, and other choice Cabbage Seed; Cullery Seed; Large Red, Tilden, Cook's Favorite, and other varieties of Temato Seed, for sale at the Agricultural Store of RANSON & DUKE. ROUNDTOP HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale REAL ESTATE.

Valuable Land Jefferson County, West Va. FOR SALE!

I OFFER at private sale, my Land near Shep-herdstown on the road to Charlestown, called BEDFORD It contains about THIRTY FIVE ACRES, is well enclosed and watered, and has some fine Fruit open it. The foundations of the Dwelling House and Barn, burned by order of General Hun-ter, still remain. Also

TWENTY SIX ACRES on the Northern side of the Town.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third Cash; the balance in one and two years, with interest, to be secured on the Land.

E. I. LEE.

Rehruary 12, 1867—tf.

2 Spirit of Jefferson please copy.—Fegister.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY

FO SALE. HAVING changed my residence, I will sell at Private Sale, my STORE-HOUSE AND DWELLING-BOUSE, with LOT and OUT-BUILDINGS, thereto belonging, at Union-ville, Jefferson county, West Virginia. The buildings are comfortable, convenient and permanent, being built of BRICK, and a good location for selling GOODS, in a good, and, wealthy community, four miles from Shepherdstown, on the road leading to Harper's Ferry. to Harper's Ferry.

For further particulars, address me at HAMIETON. Loudoun county, Va., or my brother, L.
HESS, at DUFFIELD'S DEPOT, Jefferson coun-

To ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to me by note or account, will please settle the same with my brether, L. HESS, at Duffield's Depot.

November 27, 1866.—if.

L. D. H.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY. WILL be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, about 15 miles south of Martinsburg, Berkeley county, West Virginia, and about 2; miles from Wade's Depot, on the Winchester and Potomac-Railroad, on SATURDAY, MARCH 30th, 1867; that desirable property, known as

WILLOW-GROVE MILLS.

This property is situated on the Opequon Creek, and contains NINFTY-EIGHT ACRES OF LAND, a large proportion of which is creek bottom land, unsurpassed for fertility. About TWENTY ACRES of this land is in TIMBER. There are on the property, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, one of them in good repair—also BARN, CORN-HOUSE with WAGON-SHED, SPRING-BOUSE &c.

HOUSE, &c.
There is also a FRAME MILL, which is now loing country work, but the BRICK MILL former, doing country work, but the BRICK MILL former, ly in operation on the premises, was burned by Gen. Sheridin's forces during the war. However, the walls which are of Brick, are still standing, and have been decided by competent mill wright to be sufficiently substantial to re-build upon.

103 Any one wishing to examine the property previous to the day of sale, can have an opportunity of doing so, by calling on John H. Campbell, who lives within one mile of the place.

TERMS OF SALE. One-third of the purchase money in CASH, and the balance in equal instalments of one and two years.

***Possession will be given on the first day of April, 1867.

JOHN H. CAMPBELL,

JAMES SMITH. March 5, 1967—ts.
[Carlisle (Pa) Volunteer copy till sale and send bill to this office.] BENJ. F. ENGLE,

BROWN & ENGLE, REAL ESTATE AGENTS. OFFER their services to the citizens of the Sherandoah Valley, and the Counties of Virginia immediately East of the Blue Ridge.

My Office—Directly opposite the Court-House, Charlestown, Jefferson County, West Virginia January 29, 1867—1f.

QUICK SALES. L. A. Luce, REAL ESTATE AGENT, H.L advertise and sell Real Estate of all de-

Timber Lands, Mill Properties, &c., now wanted. Callon L. A. LUCE. Charlestown.

IMPROVED FARMS.

CAMPBELS & MASON'S CARDS. DISSOLUTION NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership between E. H. Campbell and Dr. G. F. Mason, under the name of Camptell & Mason, in the Drug business. in Charlestown, has expired by limitation; and in future the business will be continued by the said E. H. Campbell and Wm S. Mason, under the name and firm of Campbell & Mason.

All persons indebted to the late firm will please

settle at once with the new firm, who are authorized to settle all business of the old firm. E. H CAMPBELL, G. F. MASON. Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to the ald firm, the undersigned solicit a continuauce of the same, with the assurance that everything will be done on their part to give entire satisfaction to their customers and the public generally.

E. H. CAMPBELL.

March 12, 1867. — WM. S. MASON.

CAMPBELL & MASON, Apothecaries and Bruggists, CHARLESTOWN, VA.

WOULD call the attention of their customers, and the public generally, to their stock of fresh and reliable
DRUGS. CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS, AND
DRUGGISTS' FANCY ARTICLES which they, will furnish as low as they can be obtaired. Included in our stock are
Ayers Cherry Pectoral, Ayers Sarsaparilla, Ayers
Pills, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Jaynes' Expectorant, Wistar's Lozenges, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Bell's Cough Syrup, Bull's Cough Syrup' Shriner's Cough Syrup, Stonebraker's Cough Syrup Morning Star Bitters, Plantation Bitters, Hostetter's Butlers, Cannon's Bitters, Backly's Bitters, Hegeban's Elixer Bark, Elixer Peruvian Bark with Protoxide of Iron, Bitter Wine of Iron, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, John Bull's and A. H. Bnil's Sarsaparilla, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Helm bold's Sargaparilla, Lindsey's Blood Searcher, Swaim's Panacea, McLane's and Fahnestock's Vermifuge, Holloway's Worm Confection, Concentrated Ley for making Soap, Thompson's Eye Water, Brown's Essence Ginger, Radway's Ready Relief, Davis' Pain Killer, Larabee's Pain Killer, Stonebraker's Liniment, Mustang Liniment, Bell's White Oil, Little's White Oil, Gargling Oil, Foutz Horse Mixture, Barry's Tricopherous, Lyon's Cathairon, Zylobalsamum, Burnett's Cocoaine, Coco Cream, Oliate Cocoa, Shevalier's Life for the Hair, Hall's Sicihan Hair Renewer, Stonebraker's Hair Restorer, Jones' Hair Dye, Oldham's Hair Dye, Mrs. Allen'd Hair Restorer, Pounades, Savages Ursina, Philicome, Bear's Oil, Lubin's Extracts, Glenn's Extracts, Cologne Water, Verbena Water, Sozodont for the Teeth, Soaps in great variety, Hair, Cloth, Nail, Tooth and Shaving Brushes, Fine Combs, Ridding Combs, School Books, Bibles, Prayer Books Hymn Books, Stationery, Slates and Pencils, Lead Pencils, Pen Holders, Pens and Ink, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Segars, Flavoring Extracts, Vanilla Beans, Gelatine, Rice Flour, Corn Starch, Farina, Biscotine.

They will have constantly on hand a full stock of Oil, Lead; Colors, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, and every thing in the line of Painter's Material.

Physician's Prescriptions accurately and neatly compounded at all hours.

TERMS—CASH.

Charlestown, Feb. 5, 1867. which they, will furnish as low as they can be ob-

Charlestown, Feb. 5, 1867. D. HUMPHREIS & CO.,

GENTS:—I have in use in my family, one of your improved Washing Machines, "The King of the West," and consider it a perfect washer, and would not like to part with mine, unless I could supply myself with another.

Very respectfully, yours,

JAMES M. JOHNSTON.

CORNSTARCH, Rice Flour and Bisc.

CAMPBELL M.

LTTLE'S WHITE OIL, for sale by.

CAMPBELL & M.

GARDEN SEED.—Landreth's and Shall Gen Seed, for sale by.

CAMPBELL & M.

CAMPBELL & M. CORNSTARCH, Rice Flour and Biscotine for sale by CAMPBELL MASON. CAMPBELL & MASON. GARDEN SEED.—Landreth's and Shaker's Gar-den Seed, for sale by Feb. 12. CAMPBELL & MASON. 1 OOTH WASH.—Gibbs' Artiseptic Tooth Wash, prepared and for sale by.
Feb. 12. CAMPBELL & MASON.

OHIO GRINDSTONES. WE have just received a lot of these excellent STONES, of proper grit for farmer's use, and we can lurnish them if desired, on strong frames, we can lumber the least with anti-friction rollers. A new supply of PLAIN GOLD RINGS, just re-ceived and for sale at reduced prices by Feb. 5: L. DINKLE EMONS.—Fresh Lemons for sale by Feb. 5. TRUSSELL & CO.

BLASTING Powder and Fuse, for sale by Feb. 26. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. GALVANIZED COAL HODS, Coal Shovels and I Fire Carriers, for sale by GENT'S Calf Gauntless, at M/BERREND'S!

The morn may be with clouds o'ercast,
And thunders round thee roar,
Yet ere the evening's shadows fall,
The storms may all be o'er
A sense of guilt may bow thy head,
And fill thy mind with grief,
But grace divine can heal thy wounds,
And bring a sweet relief.

Then let thy heart be undismayed,
Nor yield to slavish fear;
In God's free grace place all thy trust,
Thy prayers can reach His ear,
Laght round thy path shall brightly shine,
And cheer cach lonely hour;
When grief assails, a hand divine
Shall sheld thee from its power.

J. S. V

MISCELLANEOUS.

INCREASE OF CRIME.—The San Francisco Bulletin accounts for the increase of crime all over the country, among other causes by the increased facilities for the sudden acquisition of wealth, and the temptations to speculations akin to gambling in their character and influences, which are afforded by our inflated currency and fluctuating scale of values. In all cases where many persons in a community come into sudden possession of riches, no matter from what cause—whether mining, army contracts, stock speculations, or rise in prices-the result is a certain amount of dissipation and folly, ending in gross immorality and crime. The majority of the so-called "lucky ones" are apt to be ignorant of the best use of wealth, without culture or taste, and inclined to low ideas of what constitutes happiness. It was a knowledge of Swift, that Heaven shows its contempt for riches by the kind of men it bestows them upon.

SHARKS .- We propound no new truth when we affirm that we have a class of-men in the South who regard the present chaotic state of affairs as their own especial harvest time. These people assemble around the body politic as the ravenous sharks do about the vast carcass of a dead whale, and as the inexorable jaws of those Ishmaels of the ocean rend the blubber of the Leviathan, so do the insatiable appetites of these adventurers crave the spoils of office, and the plunder of the public fise. They look upon the science of government as the philosophy of organized anarchy; and illustrate, with unblushing audacity the great lexicographer's definition of "patriotism," when he pronounced it to be the "last refuge of scoundreis." - Norfolk Virginian.

-The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette writes thus of the Thirty-

ninth Congress:

"For combined audacity, malignity, fanaticism an a total want of every essential of statesmanship, it stands unrivalled in all historic time. It may have had an equal in the single quality of fanaticism in the Rump Parliament of England, but that body had the palliating virtue of honesty. In audacity and a malignant and ferocious pursuit merely of prostrate opponents, it may have been rivalled by the National Assembly of France, in Robespierre's time, but it was without the excuse of danger, and without the stimulous of patriotism, which undoubtedly, actuated that. frenzied assemblage."

-On Thursday last, a man in apparent haste entered one of the express offices in Cincinnati, and inquired of the agent how long it would take to express a corpse to Bennington, Vermont. "Two days and a half or three days." Could you positively assure me that it could be done by Sunday next, as it is desireable that the funeral should take place on that day?" "Yes it can be done if you send it around this afternoon, so that we can start it off on to-night's train." "Well, the corpse is my mother's; she was not quite dead when I left the house, but I guess she is by this time." "Send your mother along," replied the expressman, a little horrified," "we'll put her through."

THE RICHEST MAN IN THE WORLD .- A London journal says the young Lord Belgrave, grandson of the Marquis of Westminster, if he lives to inherit his patrimony, will be the richest man in the world. The Marquis owns Belgravia, the fashionable quater of London, which now yields an income of £1,000 per day, and ten years hence, by the lapse of ground leases, will be ten or twenty times the amount. The young heir is thirteen years of age. This colossal fortune has been kept in the family and increased by intermarriage.

-The Boston Transcript recommends that in building chimneys bricklayers should put a quantity of salt into the mortar with which the intercourse of brick are to be laid. The effect will be that there will never be any accumulation of soot in the chimney, for the reason that salt in the portion of mortar which is exposed absorbs moisture every damp day. The soot thus becoming damp, falls down in the fire place.

- A gentleman was surprised during the late frosty weather to see his little daughter bring home from the Sunday School library a grave treatise on "Backsliding."

"My child," said he, "this is too old for you, you can't make anything of it." "I know it papa," was the artless reply; "but I thought I could when I took it. I thought it would teach me how to slide back-

SHARP OLD GENT.—During the recent session of the Equal Rights Convention in New York, a strong minded female entered the crowded street car. An old gent rose to give her a seat, but asked, "Be ye one of those woman's righters?"

"You believe a woman should have all the rights of a man ?"

"Yes, I do." "Then stand up and enjoy them like a

man," and stand up she did.

A down-east contemporary advocates the establishment of seminaries for young ladies where spinology, knitology, weaveology, cook-elogy, &c., can be taught—the graduates to re-ceive the degree of F. F. W., or Fit for

-Mr. Robert T. Apple was married to Miss Rebecca Jack, a few days ago, in an interior county of Indiana. We hope that they may prove a good quality of "Apple Jack."

Wives.

-He who waits to do a great deal of good at once, will never do any. Boys, if you would be honored men, take care of your

- The Mississippi Legislature has appro-oriated \$20,000 for the defence of Jefferson

"Black stockings of all colors," are adcertised in an Irish paper.

Are the Indians of the Lost Ten Tribes of Israel?

We see it stated in the Memphis Bulletin that some Jewish rabbi, living in Memphis, believes the word "Arkansas" which is an Indian name, to be derived from two Hebrew words. We can tell him something that is more Israelitish than the mere name of Arkansas, in regard to the Indians. Among the Cherekees there are many customs which seem to point to them as descendants of Israel. For instance, they had at an early day established among them, three cities of refuge, where any one killing another could flee, and if he reached either of the towns he was free from the vengeance of the man-slayer. These towns, (ga too-hu) were situated some distance apart, in the nation, and we can only recollect the name of two of them, Echoti and Tablequah-the other name

we have torgotten. There is another custom among them which looks like they were the descendants of Jacob. The old Indians who lived years ago, and followed implicitly the manners and | DCUBLE AND SINGLE GORE TRAIL, customs of their fathers handed down by tradition, would not eat the sinew or the hollow of the thigh, which was a custom of the children of Israel, after Jacob wrestled with the angel all night at the place he named Peniel. The account of this matter may be found in Exodous, 32d chapter, beginning at the 24th verse.

What will the Israelites say to these matters of history? We have more of the same soit .- Fort Smith Herald.

Married, Though not Married.

The Hartford Post relates a novel matri-

monial incident which occurred in that city a few evenings since. A Hartford clergyman was absent from home over night. A New York clergyman, who was visiting him, remained in the family until his return.— That evening a young man, accompanied by a girl who hung tenderly upon his coat sleeve. applied at the house and modestly stated that he and his fair partner would be very much gratified to be yoked for life, and he wanted to see Mr. - . The visiting clergyman informed him that Mr. - was absent, "but," said he "I can perform the ceremony just as well." The young man looked at the young woman and she looked at him; then they both looked at the minister, and there was a brief silence, which was broken by the young man, who said, "Well, you'll do, sir; come along Maria;" and the parties entered the parlor to proceed to business .-The knot was duly tied, and a certificate made out, and the newly wedded pair left to enjoy their honey-moon. The next day the absent clergyman returned, when his New York brother told what he had done and handed over the marriage fee. He at once responded that the whole ceremony was illegal and the couple who had been joined were the victims of a mistake, as the laws of Connecticut do not permit clergymen from abroad to perform the marriage ceremony. All that could be done under the circumstances was to ascertain the whereabouts of the deceived couple and notify them to appear and be made man and wife over again. When the letter reaches them they will doubtless experience a queer sensation.

The Preciousness of Faith.

Precious, indeed, is that faith that leans upon God in adversity, that goes to Jesus in trial, and that repairs to the Spirit in sorrow. Precious faith that finds a promise for every condition, a helper in emergency, a soother for every sorrow-that can hope against hope, taste a sweet disguised in every bitter, and see a bright light veiled by each dark cloud. This is the true gold that procures all blessing, and exriches its possessor with all good. He that has faith in God has every desire of his heart fulfilled. He can dive into the treasures of God's word and say, 'All these love.' He can turn to the Redeemer's fullness and exclaim, 'It pleased the Father that all this fulness of grace, and truth, and love, should dwell in Jesus for me.' He can repair to the throne of grace and say, 'Here I am permitted to draw near to God. burdened with sin, laden with want, oppressed with trial, assailed with temptation, crushed with sorrow, casting by an act of faith, all my care upon Him.' Is it not that precious faith that enriches my poverty, that dignifies my mean-ness, that guides my perplexities, that cheers my loneliness, that calms my grief, that de-feats my foes, that paints a bow upon every cloud, and that brings all heaven into my Yes, such is the fruit of that faith of soul? which God is the giver, the Spirit the author, Christ the object, and a poor, empty, unworthy soul the happy possessor !-Dr. Win-

Medicinal Qualities of Pumpkins.

At a recent discussion in the New York Farmers' Club, a correspondent writes of the virtues of the Pumpkin:

"I will give you a simple, yet very valuable cure for inflammatory rheumatism. A woman's arm was swelled to an enormous size, and painfully inflamed. A poultice was made of stewed pumpkin, which was renewed every fifteen minutes, and in a short time produced a perfect cure. The fever drawn out by the poultices made them extremely offensive as they were taken off. I know a man cured of severe inflamation of the bowels by the same kind of application. I think such subjects as this proper for discussion in a farmer's club. Dr. Snodgrass—I have no doubt pumpkins make a good poultice. Whatever holds water and warmth best is the most suitable

Dr. Smith-In my travels in Syria I found pumpkin seeds almost universally eaten by the people on account of their supposed medical qualities. Not because they are diuretic, but as an antidote against animalculæ which infest the bowels.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETOES .- A list of the vetoes of President Johnson of bills passe hy Congress shows that during the first session he returned without his sanction six bills, and during the second session five.-Of those cleven bills six were passed over the veto, and four failed for the want of a two-thirds majority. The President caused one bill to fail, which had not been presented to him within ten days of the end of the first session, by refusing to sign it—this being what is called a "pocket veto." Four bills became laws without his sanction, by his omission to return them to the chamber in which they originated within ten days. One (the army approprirtion bill) he signed with a protest.

-"Where is the east?" asked a teacher of a very little scholar. "Where the morning comes from," was the prompt and pleasant

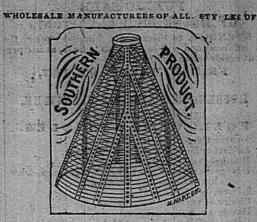
-The paper containing the most fine points -A paper of needles. -An Illinois girl who lost her speech has

had forty offers of marriage. -An Indian woman by the name of Canter, eloped with Mr. Gallop.

—Green leaves begin to appear on the ma-ple trees in Richmond. AND A PLANE

BALTIMORE CARDS.

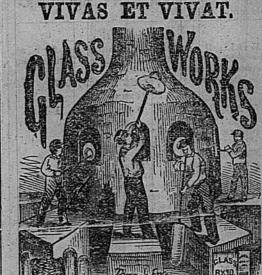
MRS. S. MEIERHOF,



NO. 37 NORTH HOWARD STREET, BALTIMORE.

QUAKER, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SKIRTS. Orders from the Country will be promptly filled. February 13, 1866—19



NO. 29, HANOVER STREET, BALTO. MANUFACTURERS AGE TS FOR THE SALE OF WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE Druggists' and Confectioners' GLASSWARE, DEMIJOHNS, Wine, Porter & Mineral BOTTLES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS.

Crystal, Plate, Enameled, Obscure, Colored and Rough Plate. Glaziers' DIAMONDS, PAINTS, OILS, &c. January 22, 1867.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW YORK UNION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY.

CHARTERED JANUARY, 1866. WE are now prepared at our NEW FACTORY, corner of TENTH AVENUE and THIRTY-SIXTH STREET, to turn out 50 PIANOS per week from our Splendid New Scales—which are pronounced by the best Judges to be the most power-ful Square Piano that has ever been brought before the public. There is no Piano made that will stand n Tune like them.

No. 3-7 Octave, front Round Corners, Plain Case, Octagon Legs, \$400 to \$450 No. 4-7 Octave, front Round Corners, with Carved Legs, \$450 to \$500 No 5-7 Octave, four large Round Cor-ners, with Carved Legs, &c., . \$500 to \$600 The New York Union Piano Company, believing that the public want demands a GOOD SUBSTANTIAL

7-Octave Piano-Forte. Embracing all the Modern Improvements-such as A Rosewood Case, French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Full Iron Frame, Over-

strung Bass, &c.,
AT PRICES WITHIN THE MEANS OF ALL Now offer such an Instrument at a price lower than any other reliable Manufactory.

These Pianos are made of the best materials, with great care, and by the most skillful WORKMEN, selected from the best Factories in this and the old countries, and fully warraned to stand in any climate, and to give as good satisfaction as any Pianos sold for One THOUSAND DOLLARS
OUR TERMS ARE NET CASH, City Funds for by adopting such terms are enabled to sell at low prices.
... All Orders must be sent direct to the Factory, corner of 10th Avenue and 36th Street, as we sell all our Pianos direct from the Factory, and save our customers from paying for costly showy warerooms, which expense the purchaser always has to bear. We want 500 AGENTS are TEACHERS to introduce these SPLENDID NEW TASTRUMENTS in all parts of the United States.

NEW YORK UNION PIANO-FORTE CO.,

COR. 10TH AVENUE and 36TH STREET, N. Y.

SAMUEL FISK. Boston, President. J. P. HALE, N. Y., Treas'r & Gen'l Agent. June 12, 1866—1y.

J. HICKLING & CO.'S GREAT SALE OF WATCHES, ON the popular one price plan, onlying every patron a handsome and reliable which for the low price of TEN DOLLARS! without regard to value, and not to be paid for unless perfectly satis

500 Solid Gold Hunting Watches, \$250 to \$750
500 Magic Cased Gold Watches, 200 to 500
500 Ladies' Watches, Enamelled, 100 to 300
1,000 Gold Hunting Chron'r Watches, 250 to 300
1,000 Gold Hunting English Levers, 200 to 250
3,000 Gold Hunting Duplex Watches, 150 to 250
5,000 Gold Hunting Levers, 50 to 150
5,000 Silver Hunting Levers, 50 to 250
5,000 Gold Ladies' Watches, 50 to 250
10,000 Gold Hunting Lepines, 50 to 75 10,000 Gold Hunting Lepines, 10,500 Miscellaneous Silver Watches, 25,000 Hunting Silver Watches, 25 to 50 30,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds, 19 to 75 Styludo Assorted Watches, all kinds, 19 to 75

Every patron obtains a watch by this arrangement, costing but \$1°, while it may be worth \$750. No partiality shown.

Messrs. J. Hickling & Co.'s Great American Watch Co., New York City, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent Stock. Certificates naming articles, are placed in scaled envelopes. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificates, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a Watch worth \$750 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named ther on, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straightforward legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious!

A single Certificate will be sent by mail, post paid ticipated in even by the most fastidious!

A single Certificate will be sent by mail, post paid upon receipt of 25 cents, five for \$1, cleven for \$2 thirty-three and elegant premium for \$5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for \$10, one hundred and most superb Watch for \$15. To Agents or those wishing employment this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Tay vs!

Address,

J. HICKLING & CO.

149 Broadway, near P. O., City of N. York.
February 5, 1867—3in.

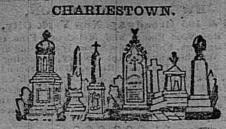
CO-PARTNERSHIP. JNO. J. LOCK.

To the Farmers, Millers and Others IN THE COUNTIES OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE. AVING associated ourselves in business for th H purposes of the above Card, we will pay for Wheat, Flour, Corn and all other kinds of Producs the highest market prices in Cash, or will receive and forward on Commission, making sales and reand forward on Communications in the shortest time STARRY & LOCK.

Charlestown Depot, Jan, 15, 1867. SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

PIPES! PIPES!! HAVE just received a large and well-selected stock of Pipes, consisting of Pure Merrichaum. Patent Iron Ciad, Patent Metal Sterr, Imitation Meerschaum. English Briar-Root, Plain and Fluted Rosewood, German Chiaa, Egg Bowl, Turkish, Common Wood Pipes, &c., as well as an extensive stock of Meerschaum, Fancy and Plain Cigar Holders, together with a supply of English Cherry and Root Stems. MARBLE WORKS

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS. Main Street, Opposite the Carter House, CHARLESTOWN.



Diehl & Bro. MANUFACTURERS OF MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FUOT STONES, MANTLES, STATUES,

AND CARVING,

in all its various branches, and all work in their business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered

and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers.—
If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge for
yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and patronize Home Manufacturers.

The subscribers have also in operation their shop
in Martinsburg, where they will give prompt attention to all work entrusted to them. DIEHL & BRO. Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867—od May 15, 1866. [JOHN E. SIFFORD.] [JOHN SIFFORD.]

J. E. SIFFORD & CO., STEAM MARBLE WORKS. Carroll Street Depot,

Frederick City, Md. MANUFACTURE

MANTELS, MONUMENTS, Tombs and Marble Work of a l kinds; also DRESSED STONE of every de scription for Buildings, at moderate prices, and with dispatch.

H. BISHOP, Agent, May 8, 1866 - 'y.

RANSON & DUKE'S ADVERTMENTS. A. R. H. RANSON.] RANSON & DUKE,

DEALERS IN Agricultural Implements and Machinery, SEEDS AND FERTILIZERS,

AND GENERAL COMMISSION AND Forwarding Merchants,

CHALESTOWN, JEFFERSON Co, W. VA. HAVE in store and for sale, Mowers and Reapers, Grain Cradles, Scythes, Mowing Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Whetstones, Bnggy Rakes, Revolving Rakes, Buckeye Corn Poughs, Cultivators, Wheat Drills, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Ploughs and Harrows, Three Horse Ploughs, Corn Shellers, Culting Boxes, Cider Mills, Washing Machine and Wringers, Patent Water Praymers for Wells and Cisterne Cisterne tent Water Drawers for Wells and Cisterne, Cistern and Force Pumps, Hose, Rope, Iron Fence, Buckets, Brooms, Tubs, Baskets, &c.

B M Rhodes & Co's,
Fowle, Bayne & Co's

Celebrated Fertilizers.

Reese & Co's June 5, 1866—tf. DELAWARE CORN SHELLERS, DOULLE AND SINGLE SPOUT. These Shellers are the best in use, strongly built,

and being Double Geared, give them the advantage over the ordinary Shellers. For sale by Jan. 29, 1967. RANSON & DUKE. CISTERN PUMPS! W E are just receiving a lot of superior Cistern Pumps, which are warranted not to freeze.— Also, Patent Water Drawers, for wells and cisterns RANSON & DUKE.

THERMOMETER CHURNS, all sizes, also the Cylinder Churns, just received and for sale by ec 25 RANSON & DUKE. BLACKSMITH'S Drills, Curry Combs, Horse Cards, Horse Brushes, and Axes, for sale by Dec. 25. RANSON & DUKE.

TRUSSELL & CO.'S ADVERT'MENTS

A COMPLETE STOCK!

RARE GOODS & GREAT BARGAINS TRUSSELL & CO., truly grateful for the generates one support extended toward their house since its opening in Charlestown, have been encouraged greatly to enlarge their general STOCK, specially adapted to the present season, which embraces in part the latest and best selected assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS.

ever before offered in the town. Most of the Boots and Shoes, for Ladies, Gentlemen and Boys, are made to order, in the best shops of Baltimore and Philadelphia, and warranted equal to any that can be manufactured. Prices Low, and all sizes, kind and quality on hand. Of FANCY NOTIONS,

we have a rare and very choice selection, embracing in part—Ladies' Superior Cotton Hose, Children's Woollen and Cotton do., Centlemen's Yarn Socks, Suspenders, Neck Ties. Byron Paper Collars, Berlin Gloves, Buck Gauntlets and Gloves, Misses Worsted Hose, and Cotton and Woo len do., French Corsets, Pins, Needles, Combs, &c., with other articles too numerous to particularize. The assortment of fresh, choice and cheap

CONFECTIONERY, FRUITS, NUTS, &C., includes in part, Raisins, Figs, English Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, Palm Nuts, French Candies, and assorted American do., of all varieties, Lemon Cakes, Tea Biscuit, etc. Several boxes of fresh LEMONS also on hand. The GROCERY DEPARTMENT

has in no wise been neglected, and every article needed for family consumption will be found constantly on hand, and for sale as low as can be procured elsewhere in the county, as our motto is that a "nimble slxpence is better than a slow shilling." Thankful for the kindnesses of the past, we respectfully solicit a present call from our old friends and the public generally.

Charlestown, Dec. 18, 1866.

GOOD COFFEE. PRIME article of Government Java Coffee, A just received and for sale by

Jan. 8, 1867

TRUSSELL & CO. HIDES WANTED.—We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Hides.

Nov. 27, 1866.

TRUSSELL § CO. K EROSENE OIL.—A superior Kerosene Oil for TRUSSELL & CO. A sale by

> TRUSBELL & CO. SETTLE UP! SETTLE UP!

ARD for sale by

Our customers well know that it is the beginning of the New Year; and with it we are determined to close up our Books, and feel compelled to insist upon immediate settlement. We take this method to inform those who know themselves indebted by open account, to come forward and settle up. By so doing time and expense will be

We shall begin the New Year with new enter-prise, and give our undivided attention to the bu-siness of Manufacturing and Repairing FARMING IMPLEMENTS

AND MACHINERY. We employ none but the best Mcchanics and use the best Material. The community can rely upon quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to suit the times. We are determined to do work as low as can be done in the County for CASH, which low as can be done in the County for CASH, which will be required for all transient custom.

We will make to order Threshing Machines and Horse Powers of the latest patterns; PLOUGHS of different kinds always on hand, amongst which will be found the celebrated three-horse Livingston; two-horse do; the old fashioned three-horse Barshear; McCormick do., for two-and three Lorses; shear; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses; also, the three-horse Page Plough; also an improved Kentucky single and double shovel Plough. Plough Irons—such as Shares, Coulters, Shovels, (single and double) Mould-boards of all kinds, Open Rings. Open Links, &c. Special attention paid to Mill work in Steel and Iron. Turning and Boring in Iron and Steel. In a few weeks we will have in accoration our.

FOUNDRY, when we will be able to furnish Castings of goo quality as low as can be bought elsewhere.

All work entrusted to us will be done with dispatch, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. The highest price paid in Cash for Old Iron of all kinds. Give us a call at the Jefferson Machine Shop. Stone Row.

WEIRICK & WELLER. Charlestown, Jan. 29, 1857.

SEGARS AND TOBACCO. A T the Drug Store of Aisquith & Bro., will be found a fine stock of Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tolacco, which they offer low to their customers and the public for cash.

February 12, 1867.

BACON HAMS and Smoked Beef, Sugar Cured CHARLES JOHNSON. A LL sorts of BRAID. M. BEHREND.

CONFECTIONERY AND BAKERY.

LOOK OUT FOR OLD CHRIS! GRAND ARRIVAL OF HIS BASSAGE AT THE "VALLEY CONFECTIONERY," MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN, ADJOINING THE DRUG STORE OF CAMPBELL & MASON

HENRY DUMM, the only authorized agent in this place of his Excellency, CHRIS KRINGLE, Esq., announces to the people of Charlestown and surrounding country, that he is now receiving at his store, the Baggage and Equipments of the "Old Gentlemen," which are to be distributed in rich profusion, and at such prices as will astonish even those who think a cent as big as a Cart Wheel. It is necessary to name only a few of the many articles which have been left with me to supply the wants and gratify the tastes of the old, the young, the middle aged of all sexes, colors and conditions. He has on hand TOYS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, to make cheerful the hearta and jubilant the spirits of the juvenile population, and a supply of FRENCH AND COMMON CANDIES,

to sweeten and scal and make perpetually cohesive the affections of those whose hearts are throbbing in anticipation of changing their condition in life, and a superabundance of RICH CAKES, to make complete the WEDDING and HOLYDAY FEASTS. Among his TOYS will be found the following:—
Tea Setts, Violins, Noah's Arks, Suple Jacks, Surprising Boxes, Hoop Horses, Brass Trumpets, Carriages, Wagons, Drums, Birds on Trees, Bounty Jumpers, Toy Brooms, Kid Dolls, China Dolls, Black Dolls for the Freedmen, Patent and Glazed Heads, Common Masks, and a thousand and one

things not enumerated here. Of SUGAR TOYS he has an exhaustless variety. FIRE WORKS, of all kinds, such as Rockets to empty your Pockets, Fire Crackers for Small Bush Whackers, Spiral Madicals to pop the Radicals, Torpedocs to kill Musquitos, and Double-Headed Dutchmen to do what you please with Also, a full supply of

ORANGES AND LEMONS, and every other FRUIT suited to the season, as well and every other FRUIT suited to the season, as well as a rich assortment of NUTS, such as Almonds, Butter Nuts Filberts, English Walnuts, &c.

These articles have been selected with much care, and with an eye single to the gratification of the tastes of the people of this community. In order secure your supply for Christmas, you had better leave your orders at once, so that you can be accommodated before the general rush sets in. And now, one and all, Give DUMM a call.

December 11, 1866. THE NEW CONFECTIONERY

IN FULL BLAST! I AM pleased to announce to the citizens of this town, and the community generally, the arrival of my stock of CONFECTIONERY. My store is now filled with a complete supply of French and Domestic Candy, Foreign and Domestic Fruit, Cakes, Nuts, &c. Indeed, everything usually kept in first class Confectionery establishments. Call and see for your selves. Orders promptly filled. Weddings and Parties supplied at short notice.

Nov. 6, 1866. GUSTAV BROWN.

GUSTAVE BROWN. BAKER AND CONFECTIONER, Blessing's" Old Stand, Charlestown, Jefferson Co., WEST VIRGINIA.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large, fresh and general assortment of FRENCH AND AMERICAN CONFECTIONERIES,

embracing every kind and variety. Also, all kinds of Nuts, Canned Fruits, Raisins, Currants, Dates, Figs, Citron, Liquorice, Oranges, Lemons, &c., &c.
Pound, Sponge, Fruit and all other kinds of CAKE, constantly of hand, and warranted equal to the best that can be manufactured.

R3-bein ready at all times to fill orders for WEDDING PARTIES, &c., to any extent desired, and on as reasonable terms as can be had AGE Truly grateful to the citizens of the County generally, for the very liberal patronage extended to him since his commencement of business in Charlestown, he respectfully solicits a renewal of their favors, as his best endeavors shall be used to serve them acceptably. January 3, 1867

JEWELRY.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

THE subscriber would most respectfully an-nounce to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he has opened a splendid assortment of Watches and Jewelry, including, in part, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, of various grades, all of which will be warranted as represented; also Jewelry of all kinds, such as GOLD SETTS, EAR RINGS, FINGER RINGS, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, in variety; and in fact everything usually kept in a store of the kind. I would also announce that I have secured the services of a competent workman on watches and repairing jewelry, so that all who may want anything done in the line of repairing of watches, clocks or jewelry, may rely upon having it done in the most workmanlike style, and all work will be warranted as represented. I would therefore ask a call, as I am determined to suit purchasers and please all who may be disposed to patronize me. Room the one lately occupied by McIntyre and Rallston.

L. DINKLE. Sept. 4, 1866.-1y. FNGRAVING nearly done by L. DINKLE, at his Jewelry Store opposite the Bank. otc. 30. SILVER PLATED CASTORS, of all descriptions gotten up by L. DINKLE.

A BEAUTIFUL SILVER PLATED CAKE BAS KET, for sale low by L. DINKLE.



HARDWARE.

CHARLESTOWN, VA. BELIEVING that we have one of the largest and best selected assortments of this class of Goods ever in this Valley—and that we possess advantages which enable us to sell as low as the Wholesale Houses of Baltimore, we therefore respectfully solicit your orders, and hope, by diligent attention to the requirements of the Trade, to merit a continuance of your patronage. Our stock consists of IMPORTED & AMERICAN CUTLERY,
Door Plate, Screw Chest, Trunk and Pad Locks.—
Strap, Hook, Butt, Shutter and T Hinges Screws;
Screw Spring and Chain Bolts. Files, Basps, Braces
and Bitts, Augurs, Chisels, Levels, Planes, Bevels,
Rules, Croap Cut, Hand, Wood, Compass and Whip
Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Adzes, Axes, Compasses, and Boriug Machine Anvils, Sledges, Bellows, Screw Plates, Vises, Tire Benders, Screw
Wrenches, Drawing Knives, Jack Screws, Forks,
Shovels, Chains, Hames, Rakes, Briar and Grain
Scythes, Mill Scoops, Mattocks, Picks, Hoes, Bridle Bits, Buckles, Rings, Pad Trees, Turrets, Post
Hooks, Ornaments, Spurs, Curbs, Coffin Trimmings
and Cabinet Hardware; Trowels, Pulleys, Tape
Lines, Puuches, Lasts and Shoe Findings; Nails,
Spikes, Horse and Mule Shoes and Nails; also Iron
of all kinds; Brooms, Brushes and Cordage.

Thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit
orders for the above named goods.

DAVID HUMPHREYS & CO,
April 3, 1866. IMPORTED & AMERICAN CUTLERY, April 3, 1866.

BALTIMORE PRICE STORE! OPPOSITE BANK BUILDING, HARLESTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

MAJORITY of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement, and if a MAN actually has a choice variety of goods, which he is selling at the lowest Baltimore prices, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore, I have

FOUND it best to simply invite every body to call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and to say but little in regard to my ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not DEAD to their own interests, to buy their Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Ready Made Clothing

INCHARLESTOWN, at the BALTIMORE PRICE STORE, opposite the I would respectfully request my friends to give a call.

J. GOLDSMITH. me a call.

Baltimore Price Store, opposite Bank Building.
November 27, 1866.

ILK and Cetton Nette, at

CIGARS AND TOBACCO. [N. W. HAINES.] TOBACCO,

CIGARS, AND SNUFF, THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the Merchants of the Valley, that they have con-stantly on hand at their store in Winchester, a au-

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS which they can sell at less than Baltimore prices.
Their stock of Cigars consists in part of the following popular Brands—
JEFFEFSON, LA REAL,
CABINET, LA FLOR,
EL NACIONAL, LA ESCOSESA,
FLOR DE LONDRES

FLOR DE LONDRES, PLANTATION, SUPERIOR HAVANA, ESIDES OTHER FINE BRANDS.

They also keep constantly on hand a large variety of PIPES, and SMOKING TOBACCO, in papers, bales, drums, and in bulk. Bayley's Celebrated Michigan FINE CUT TOBACCO Also, John Anderson's SOLACE, John Cornish's VIRGINIA LEAF, and other brands of FINE CUT.—CHEWING TOBACCO in foil and in bulk.

nearly opposite the Court House, November 14, 1865. Winchester, Va. N B. We manufacture our own Cigars, and being Practical Tobacconists, we guarantee all goods

J. II. HAINES. MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS, (Next door to Aisquith & Bro.) MAIN STREET; CHARLESTOWN, VA. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MANUFACTURES and will keep constantly on hand the following brands of Cigars, made of the finest foreign and domestic tobacc, , and war-HAVANA REGALIA, LA PICCOLOMINI, LAREAL, JEFFERSON, CABINET, EL NACIONAL, PLANTATION, LA CORONA, LA VICTORIA,

BOQUET, MAGNOLIA, BANANA, NAPOLEON, GRAPE, &c. Will always keep on hand the finest brands of Chewing Tobacco in market, and rames in part the PRIDE OF THE SOUTH, GRAVELY.
GOLDEN TWIST, SOLFORINA,
PEOPLE'S CHOICE, GOLDEN LE EOPLE'S CHOICE, GOLDEN LEAF, GENT'S COMPANICN. NAVY, &C., &C.

Among his trands of Smoking Tobacco may be ZEPHYR PUFF, CORA LEE, R. E. LEE, GOLDEN LEAF, QUEEN, and other fire brands of pure Lynchburg Tobacco.

SCOTCH, RAPPES AND OTHER SNUFFS. Will always have on hand an extensive assortment of Plain and Fency PIPES, from a MEER SCHAUM to B POWHATAN. Persons dealing in my line will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 8, 1867.

J H. HAINES.

INSURANCE AGENCIES MARYLAND FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y. BALTIMORE, MARYLAND. CASH CAPITAL,\$200,000.

THOMAS E. HAMBLET , Pres't JOS. K. MILNOR Sec'y. INSURES TOWN AND COUNTRY OPERTY. (G- Losses promptly and equitably adjusted.
A. R. H. RANSON, Agent
for Jefferson and Clarke counties

May 22, 1866-1y. METROPOLITAN INSURANCE COM'Y. 108 & 110, BROADWAY, N. YORK, CASH CAPITAL,\$1,000,000. ASSETS OYER, 1,600,000.

ÍNSÚRES AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE ON TOWN AND COUNTRY PROPERTY JAS. LORIMER GRAHAM, Pres't. R.M. C. GRAHAM, Vice President, JAS. LORIA ER GRAHAM, Jr. 2d V. Pres. H. H. PORTER, Secretary.
A. R. H. RANSON, Agent.

WILL attend the Courts in Berkeley, Jeffers enand Clarke counties, and will be in Charlestown every Saturday. Letters addressed to CHARLESTOWN, W. VA., promptly attended to.

April 24, 1866—1y.

HALLTOWN TRADE. DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing in the mercantile business between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by ED K. GRADY, for whom we ask a liberal patronage.

Persons owing accounts or notes are requested to call at once, and pay off the same to either of the undersigned, as the money is badly wanted.

JOHN H. STRIBER, EDW.K. GRADY.

E. E. GRADY.].....[F. T. GRADY. GRADY & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MFRCHANTS. HALLTOWN, W. VA.

KEEP for sale all kinds of DRY GOODS, GRO-CERIES, LIQUORS, HARDWARE, QUEENS-WARE, etc. Will buy a. kinds of GRAIN, or forward the same Wool, Butter, Eggs and forward the same Wool, Butter. Eggs and Hides, received in trade.

13 Having purchased the interest of Mr. John H. Strider, in the Mercantile establishment at Hall town, I solicit the patronage of my friends and the public generally.

The style of the firm will hereafter be GRADY & Co.

[Sept. 25, 1866.]

HALLTOWN ERECT! W. E are just receiving and opening a new stock of LADIES' DRESS GUODS, such as FRENCH MERINOS,

POPLINS, ALPACCAS, DELAINES, BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS. Also, a fine stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Shawis, Ribbons, Velvet, Embroidery, Hosiery, Gloves, Linen and Paper Collars, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Boots, Shoes, Hats Caps, &c.
Having made these purchases under advantageous circumstances, we have no hesitation in saying that we can please all who may call and examine our FGRADY & CO. E. GRADY & CO. Halltown, Nov. 27. 1866.

CTONE COAL for sale by GROUND ALUM and FINE SALT, for sale by GRADY & CO. SADDLES AND HARNESS.

HARNESS, SADDLES. AND BRIDLES,

MANUFACTURED OR REPAIRED.

At Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

THE undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is constantly making and repairing Carriage, Gig, Buggy, Coach and Wagon HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, &c., in the most durable manner, and the most modern style of workmanship, and at short notice and upon "living" terms. My work commends itself. All Iask is a share of the public patronage.

(F Call upon me at my establishment opposite the "Carter House."

HENRY D. MIDDLEKAUFF. November 7, 1865-Iy

NEW GOODS! GREAT ATTRACTIONS! Am now receiving and opening a large and FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

of all descriptions, such as Ladica' Dress Goods of all the various grades and colors, with Trimmings to suit, which will be sold cheap.

Nov. 6, 1866. CHARLES JOHNSON. FRESH GROCERTES. A LARGE Stock of Crushed, Clarified and Brown Sugars; Coffices, Molasses and Syrups for sale heap by CHARLES JOHNSON. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, .

OF the best quality, just releved and for sale by CHARLES JOHNSON. ROSIN SOAP and Candles for sale by CHARLES JOHNSON.

TO TRAVELLERS.

BALTIMORE & O. R. R. COMPANY. CHEDULE of Passenger Trains arriving and de parting at the Harper's Ferry Station: TRAINS BOUND EAST.

Train, 11 26 A. M. innati Express, 4 02 A. M.

TRAINS BOUND WEST. Mail Frain, 12,28 P. M. 12 56 P. M. Cincinnati Express, 12 55 A. M. 12 56 A. M. Office open at all hours for trains. Through Tickets sold to all the principal cities of the Union.

For further Information inquire at the Cfice.

Harpers Ferry, Jan. 15, 1867. WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC R. B.

TIME TABLE. TRAINS GOING WEST.

Leave Harper's Ferry at 6 10 A M and 1 60.P M:
Leave Shenandoah at 6 14 A M and 1 64 P M.
Leave Keyes' Switch at 6 20 A M and 1 12 P M.
Leave Halltown at 6 38 A M and 1 18 P M.
Leave Charlestown at 6 57 A M and 1 30 P M.
Leave Cameron's at 7 16 A M and 1 42 P M.
Leave Summit Point at 7 35 A M and 1 53 P M.
Leave Wadesville at 7 57 A M and 2 08 P M.
Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 02 A M and 2 21 P M.
Leave Stephenson's at 8 21 A M and 2 23 P M.
Arrive at Winchester at 8 45 A M and 2 35 P M. TRAINS GOING EAST.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Leave Winchester at 9 30 A M and 2 35 P M.
Leave Stephenson's at 9 42 A M and 2 54 P M.
Leave Opequon Bridge at 9 54 A M and 3 12 P M.
Leave Wadesville at 9 57 A M and 3 17 P M.
Leave Summit Point 10 12 A M and 3 39 P M.
Leave Cameron at 10 24 A M and 3 57 P M.
Leave Charlestown at 16 36 A M and 4 15 P M.
Leave Halltown at 10 47 A M and 4 42 P M.
Leave Keyes' Switch at 10 53 A M and 4 37 P M.
Leave Shenandoah at 11 01 A M and 4 56 P M.
Arrive at Harper's Ferry 11 05 A M and 5 00 P M.
J. H. SHERRARD, PRESIDENT.

January 15, 1867.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD RE-OPENED.

THIS GREAT NATIONAL THOROUGAFARE FREIGHTS AND TRAVEL. The Cars and Machinery destroyed are being replaced by NEW RUNNING STOCK, with all recent improvements; and as the Bridges and Track are again in Substantial Condition, the well earned reputation of this Road for

SPEFD, SECURITY AND COMFORT, will be more than sustained under the re-organiza-In addition to the unequalled attractions of natural scenery heretofore conceded to this route, the recent Troubles upon the Border, have associated numerous points on the Road, between the Ohio River and Harpers Ferry, with painful but instructive interest

CONNECTIONS At the Ohio River, with Cleveland and Pittsburg Central Ohio, and Marietta and Cincinnati Railroads; and through them with the whole Railway System of the Northwest, Central West and South-System of the Northwest, Central West and Southwest. At Harpers Ferry with the Winchester Road. At Washington Junction, with the Washington Branch for Washington City and the Lower Potomac At Balt more with seven daily trains for Philadelphia and New York.

TWO DOLLARS additional on Through Tickets to Baltimore or the Northern Cities, give the privilege of visiting WASHINOTON CITY en route

This is the ONLY ROUTE by which passengers can procure through Tickets and through Checks to WASHINGTON CITY.

L. M. COLE, JOHN L. WILSON L. M. COLE,
General Ticket Agent
Baltimore.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation, Baltimore.

June 5. 1866. STOVES AND TINWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!! TINWARE, STOVES, AND SHEET-RON ESTABLISHMENT,

ON MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN. THE undersigned have on hand and are constantly manufacturing at their Tinware, Stove; and Sheet-Iron Establishment, in Charlestown, every ULINARY WARE, usually found in their line of business, made of the best material and by experienced workmen. The stock now in their Ware Room, comprises every useful article known to the housekeeper, and any article called for or any amount of Goods desired can be furnished with dispatch. can be furnished with dispatch.

Among their stock of Tin Ware may be found BUCKETS of all sizes, COFFEE POTS of the most approved patterns, Cullenders, Spits, Steamers, Cake Screws, Cake Cutters, Flour Boxes, Patty

Pans of various patterns, Basins, Chamber Ware. Pitchers, Measures of all sizes, and Painted Toilet Ware. Their stock of SHEET-IRON WARE,

comprises every article in the Culinary and House-keeping department. Their stock of Stoves emi races every variety of WOOD and COAL STOVES, an ong which may be found the following approved patterns—
Virginia Star, 2 sizes for Coal, Old Dominion, 4 sizes, for Wood: Noble Cook, 3 sizes, for Coal or Wood; Extension top Mt. Vernon; Winona, 2 sizes, for Wood, Nine Plate Stoves for wood—plaint and boiler top; Defiance King, 4 sizes; Scotchman Cook, 2 sizes, Cottager, 3 sizes, Coal; Vesper Star, 3 sizes, Coal; Grecian Capital, 3 sizes, Coal; Radiator, 4 sizes, Coal; Magic Temple, 3 sizes, for Wood; Laura, 4 sizes, Wood. Also, Parlor, Star Cottager and Franklin, all sizes.

Possessing every facility known to the business they are prepared to execute with the utmost prompness, all kinds of

BUILDING AND JOB WORK, Tin Roofing, Zinking and Spouting done to order and in the best manner.

Merchants desirous of replenishing their stock of Tin or Sheet Iron Ware, will find it to their advantage to deal with them. They will make a liberal discount to merchants when articles are bought by the quantity. They will also take in exchange for Tin Ware, Rags, Beeswax, Wool, Sheepskins, Beef Hi es, Old Copper, Old Brass and Pewter.

Thankful for past favors and with a determination to merit the increasing patronage of the community we respectfully solicit a call from all who desire purchasing any article in our line of business. Terms are such as cannot fail to please.

Oct 2, 1866.

MILLER & SMITH.

MILLER & SMITH.

BAR ROOMS. NOW OPEN! EPICUREANS CALL-YOU CAN BE

ACCOMMODATED! ACCOMMODATED!

THE Rooms of the Restaurant of J. R. AVIS, above the Drug Store of Aisquith & Bro., Charlestown, have been hands mely refitted and especially arranged for the accommodation of the Ovster-loving public, during the present season. The most choice the markets afford, will be found constantly on hand, and prepared by the Plate in a style to suit all tastes. Also furnished by the pint, quartor gallon, as low as original cost will admit. To accommodate Country friends with this rare delicacy for consumption at home, the Proprietor will receive in exchange for any quantity desired, Butter, Eggsand Poultry, at the market price.

The BAR at all limes supplied with the best choice LIQUORS that can be obtained. The beverage of the season mixed in the most approved style,

Nov 13, 1866.

Fritz Daber. WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS, BASEMENT OF SAPPINGTON HOTEL,

Nov. 13, 1366-tf. Jefferson Co., W. Va. Shannondale Factory.

CHARLESTOWN.

pointed WOOLEN FACTORY, 6 miles from Charlestown and 1 mile from Kabletown, and are constantly manufacturing Goods of superior the following schedule:
64 Drab Linser, 1 yard for 4 and 41 lbs. Wool.
64 Grey Linsey, 1 do. do. 41 do. 5 do. do.
3-4 Cassimere, 1 do. do. 31 do. 4 do. do.
44 Plaid Linsey, 1 do. do 21 do. 3 do do.
44 Flannels, 1 do. do 22 do. 3 do. do.
47 Yarns, 1 lb. do 25 do. 4 do. do.
48 Highest Cash Price paid Ly Wool,
JAMES M. JOHNSON & CO.

November 7, 1865. GROCERIES. BROWN and White Sugars, Coffee, Tea, Spices, Cheese, Crackers, Queensware, Glasware, Woodenware, Lamps, Chimneys, Oil Cans, Atla Grease, just received and for sale by September 25. D. HOWELL.

STAMPING PATTERNS for Slippers, for En broidery and Braiding at . M. BEHREND'S.